CS054: Truth tables

The goal of this worksheet is to give you practice with truth tables: what are truth tables and how do you construct them? It's not for a grade—no need to turn it in! I'll post solutions, but you'll get the most out of it if you don't peek.

For all of these questions, I'll use programmatic notation—&& for andb in Coq, $| \cdot |$ for orb in Coq, and ! for negb. We write t for true and f for false; you can also use T and F or \top and \bot . The questions are asking about the definitions we have in Basics.v.

I expect you to simply know the truth tables for $|\cdot|$, &&, !, and \Rightarrow .

- 1. **Sample:** Consider the boolean expression $a \mid b$ given booleans a and b.
 - (a) How many rows will the truth table have? **Answer:** four, because there are two variables, a and b, and we must consider each value they consider.
 - (b) How many columns will the truth table have and what are they? **Answer:** four; one each for a and b, one for !a, and one for the whole expression.
 - (c) What is the truth table? **Answer:**

a	b	!a	$!a \mid \mid b$	
ŧ	ŧ	f	ŧ	
ŧ	f	f	f	
f	ŧ	ŧ	ŧ	
f	f	ŧ	ŧ	

- (d) Can you rephrase this expression in terms of other boolean operators? That is, can you find a smaller boolean expression that has an equivalent truth table? **Answer:** The expression $a \Rightarrow b$ (i.e., impb a b) has the same truth table.
- 2. Consider the boolean expression $p \mid \mid (p \&\& q)$.
 - (a) How many rows will the truth table have?
 - (b) How many columns will the truth table have?
 - (c) What is the truth table?

(d) Can you rephrase this expression in terms of other boolean operators? That is, can you find a smaller boolean expression that has an equivalent truth table?

	(a)	h) How many rows will the truth table have?	
	(b)) How many columns will the truth table have?	
	(c)	e) What is the truth table?	
	(d)	(1) Can you rephrase this expression in terms of other boolean operators? That is	can you find a
	(u)	smaller boolean expression that has an equivalent truth table?	s, can you mid a
1.	Con	onsider the boolean expression $(x \&\& y) \mid \mid (x \&\& z)$.	
		h) How many rows will the truth table have?	
	` ′) How many columns will the truth table have?	
	(c)	e) What is the truth table?	
	(3)		
	(d)	(1) Can you rephrase this expression in terms of other boolean operators? That is smaller boolean expression that has an equivalent truth table?	s, can you find a
		222222 2000000 21p2000000 11000 011 0quirono 01 00010 100010 1	

3. Consider the boolean expression $x \&\& (x \mid \mid y)$.

5.	(a)(b)	How many rows will the truth table have? How many columns will the truth table have? What is the truth table?			
6.	Con (a) (b)	Can you rephrase this expression in terms of other boolean operators? smaller boolean expression that has an equivalent truth table? sider the boolean expression !a !b. How many rows will the truth table have? How many columns will the truth table have?	That is,	can you	find a
		What is the truth table? Can you rephrase this expression in terms of other boolean operators?	That is.	can vou	find a
	(u)	smaller boolean expression that has an equivalent truth table?	That is,	can you	mid a

7. Use a truth table to prove that $|\cdot|$ is commutative, i.e., $p \mid \mid q$ is the same as $q \mid \mid p$.

8. Use a truth table to prove that $|\cdot|$ is associative, i.e., $p \mid \mid (q \mid \mid r)$ is the same as $(p \mid \mid q) \mid \mid r$.

Other good practice exercises (for which no solutions will be provided):

- ullet Use truth tables to prove that && and \otimes (a/k/a xorb) are commutative and associative.
- \bullet Use truth tables to prove that ! is involutive, i.e., ! (! b) is equivalent to b.
- Is \Rightarrow (a/k/a impb) commutative or associative? Use truth tables to prove or disprove it.