Lecture 24: Network Security

CS 181S Spring 2024

Remote Adversaries





Networking Stack

7 - Application

6 - Presentation

5 - Session

4 - Transport

3 - Network

2 - Data Link

1 - Physical

Deliver content

Manage encoding

Manage sessions

Deliver (un)reliably

Deliver globally

Deliver locally

Deliver signals

HTTP

TLS/SSL

TCP/UDP

IP

Ethernet

0s and 1s

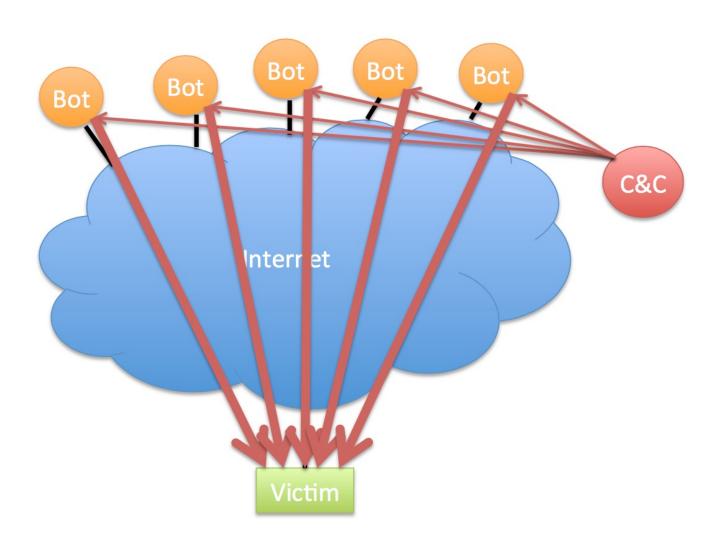
Denial of Service Attacks

- Goal: violate availability by making system unable to respond to requests from legitimate users
 - 1. Resource-saturation attacks
 - 2. Vulnerability-based attacks

Ping

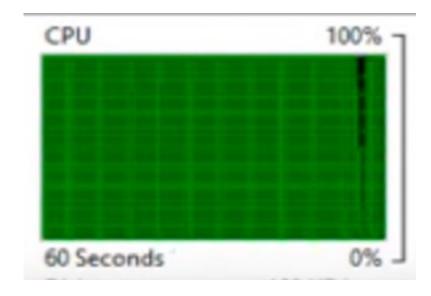
- The Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) is an network-layer support protocol used to pass operational information and error messages
- traceroute: display path to a host in an IP network
- ping: test reachability of a host in an IP network
 - sends ICMP echo request packet to target host and waits for ICMP echo reply
 - Uses CPU, network bandwidth

Ping Flood



Ping Flood

• ping -f



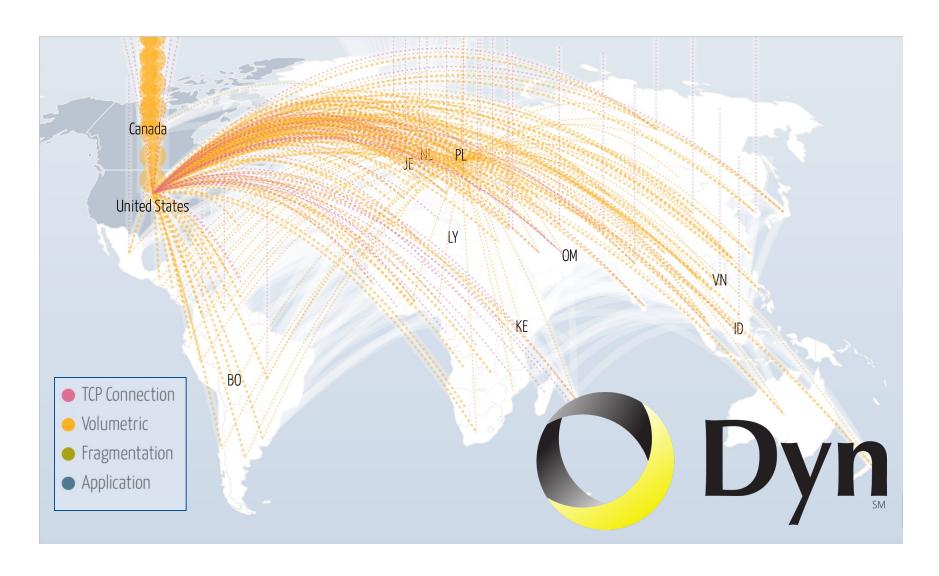
Defenses against Ping Floods

- Disable ICMP functionality
- Non-centralized firewalls

UDP Flood

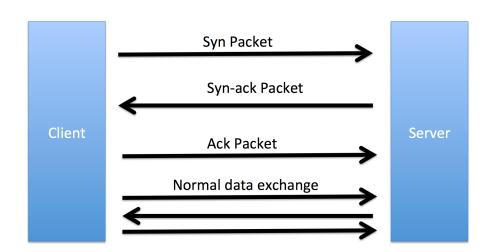
- User Datagram Protocol (UDP) is a connection-less, unreliable transport protocol, often used for streaming
- in a UDP flood, attacker overwhelms server (or network) with large quantity of (useless) UDP packets

DNS Flood



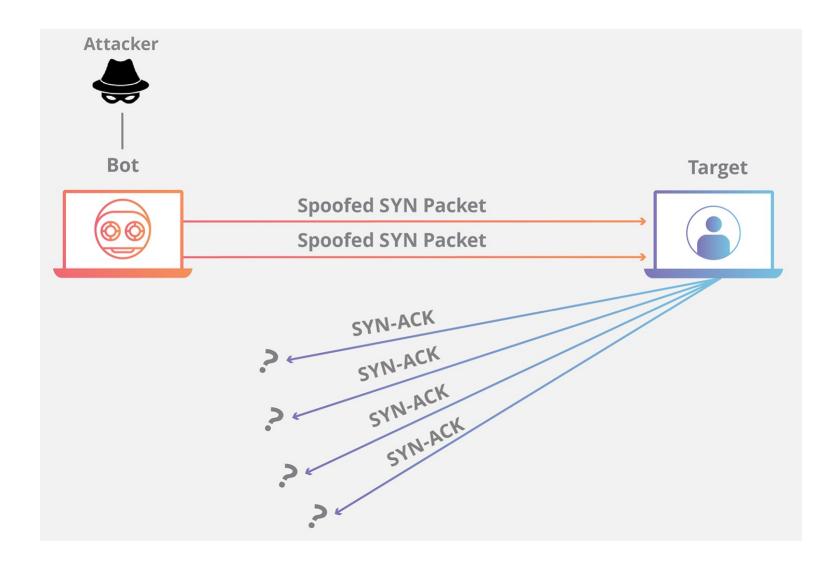
TCP

- Reliable
 - acknowledgement
 - checksum
 - sequence number
- In-order
 - sequence number
- Congestion control
 - slow start
 - congestion avoidance
 - fast retransmit
 - fast recovery



Bit 0		Bit 31				
Source Port (16)			Destination Port (16)	\uparrow	
Sequence Number (32)						
Acknowledgment Number (32)						
Header Length (4)	Reserved (6)	Code Bits(6)	Window (16)			
Checksum (16) Urgent (16)						
Options (0 or 32 If Any)						
Data (Varies)						

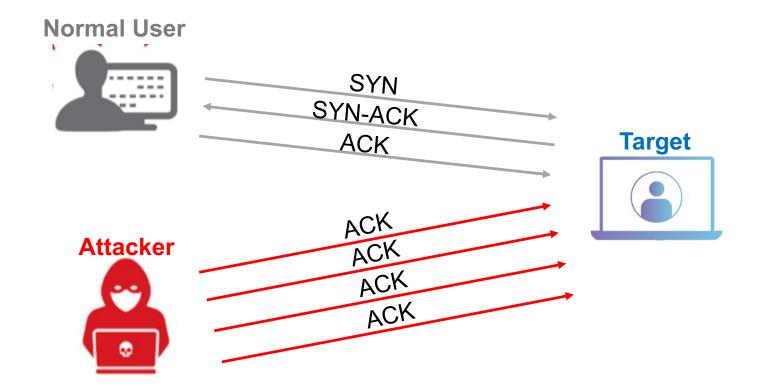
SYN Flood



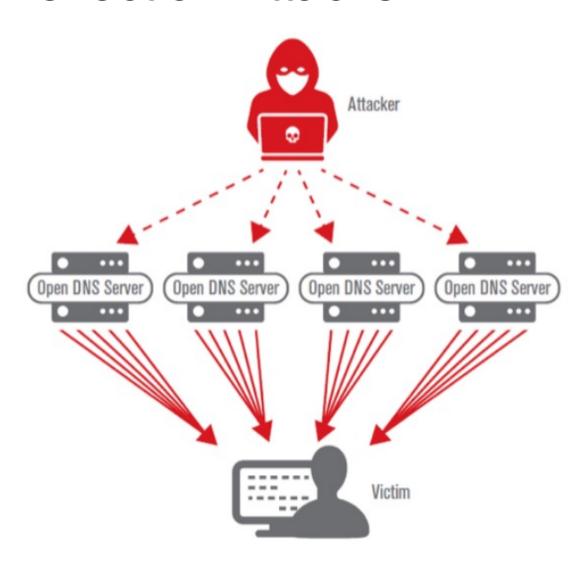
Defending Against SYN Floods

- Increase RECV queue size
- Recycle oldest half-open connections
- SYN cookies

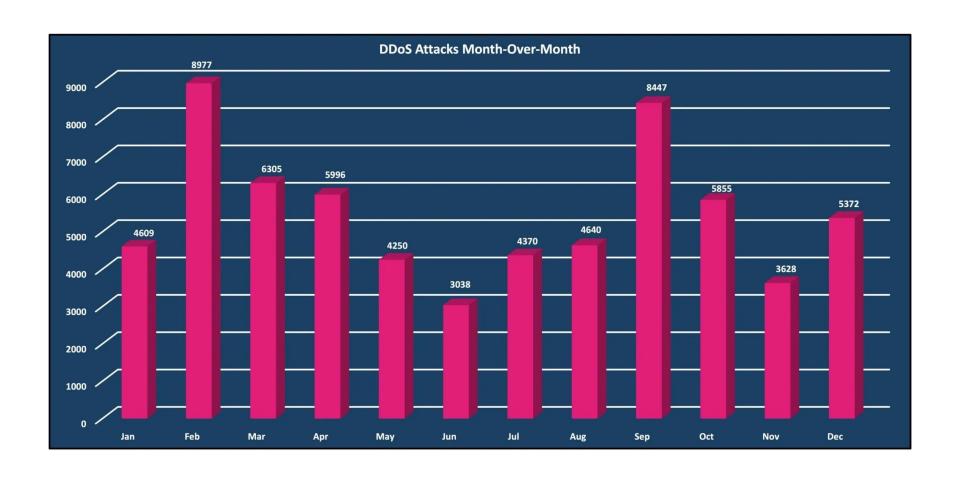
ACK Flood



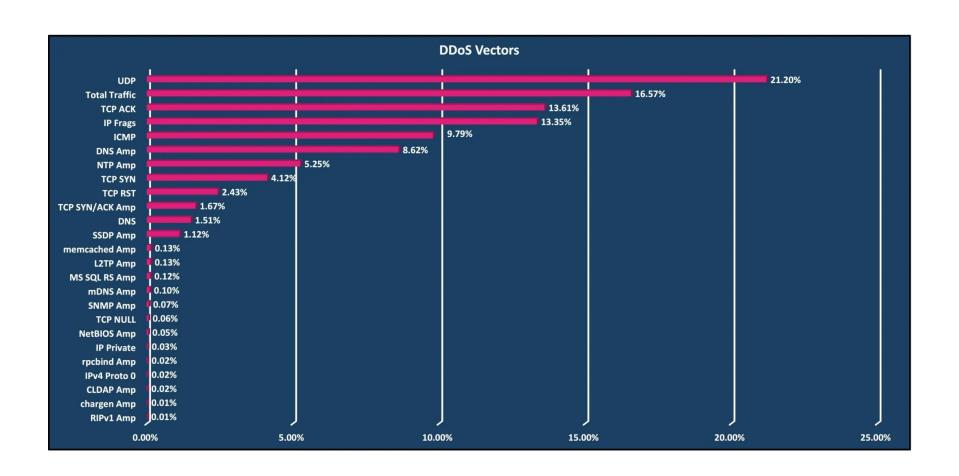
DNS Reflection Attacks



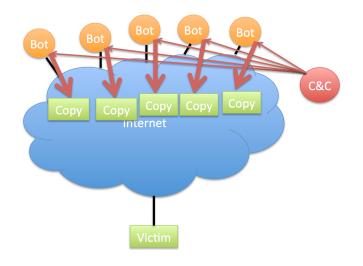
DDoS Attacks in 2023

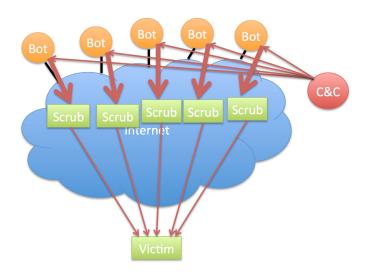


DDoS Attacks in 2023



Mitigating DoS Attacks









Mitigating DoS Attacks

		Gold Award	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		INCAPSULA	(ARBOR		VERISIGN.	neustar	Akamai	DOS arrest	CLOUDFLARE	::*radware
		Compare Quotes									
Web Application Firewall	?	②	Ø		O			©	Ø	Ø	Ø
Rate Limiting	?	②	Ø								
Automatic Bot Discernment	?	②	Ø	②	O						
IP Blocking	?	②	Ø	Ø	Ø	⊘	Ø	Ø	Ø	②	O
BGP	?	②	O	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø		Ø	O	N/A
DNS	?	②	Ø	N/A							
Web Proxy	?	②	O		Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	O	N/A
Real Time Monitoring	?	②	O	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	O	O
Deep Packet Inspection	?	②	•	Ø	②	Ø	②	②	•	N/A	N/A

Botnets





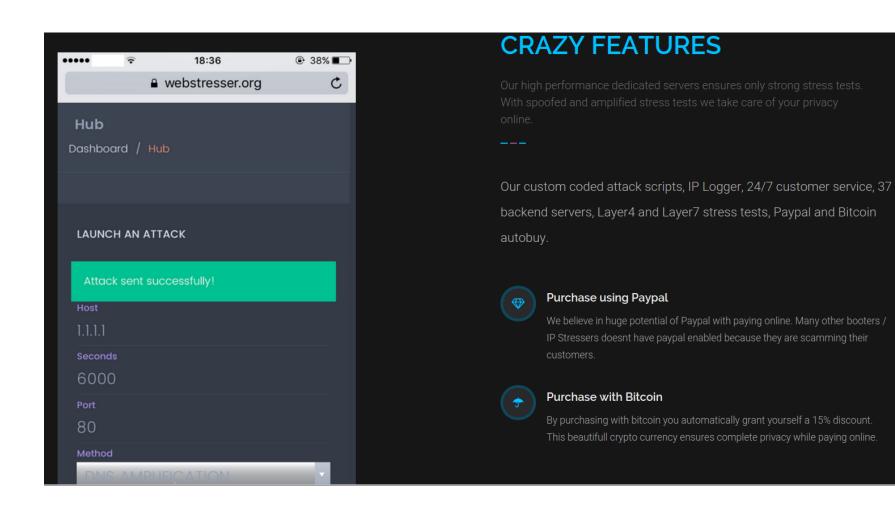




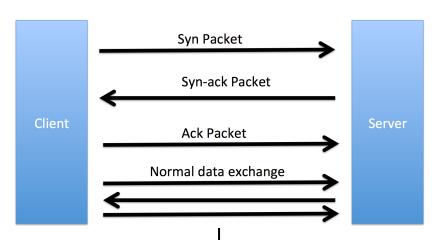
DDoS as a Service



DDoS as a Service



Remote Requests





Ack of client -> server ISN +1 Initial seq # for server to client bytes Bit 0 Bit 15 Bit 16 Bit 31 Destination Port (16) Source Port (16) Sequence Number (32) 20 Acknowledgment Number (32) **Bvtes** Length (4) Reserved (6) Code Bits(6) Window (16) Checksum (16) Urgent (16) Options (0 or 32 If Any) Data (Varies) S (0x02) | A (0x10) set Typically none

Port Closed

- No machine
 - ICMP response from router
- Machine but port closed
 - TCP reset packet
- Intercepted
 - Silence (depends on config)

Port Scanning

OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:3.13 Aggressive OS guesses: Linux 3.13 (85%)

```
Starting Nmap 7.40 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2017-03-18 21:43 EDT
Nmap scan report for scanme.nmap.org (45.33.32.156)
Host is up (0.12s latency).
Other addresses for scanme.nmap.org (not scanned): 2600:3c01::f03c:91ff:fe18:bb2f
Not shown: 993 closed ports
P<sub>0</sub>RT
          STATE SERVICE
                           VERSION
         open ftp
21/tcp
22/tcp
          open ssh
                           OpenSSH 6.6.1p1 Ubuntu 2ubuntu2.8 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
          open http
                           Apache httpd 2.4.7 ((Ubuntu))
80/tcp
554/tcp
          open rtsp
         open realserver
7070/tcp
9929/tcp open nping-echo Nping echo
31337/tcp open Elite
Device type: general purpose
Running (JUST GUESSING): Linux 3.X (85%)
```

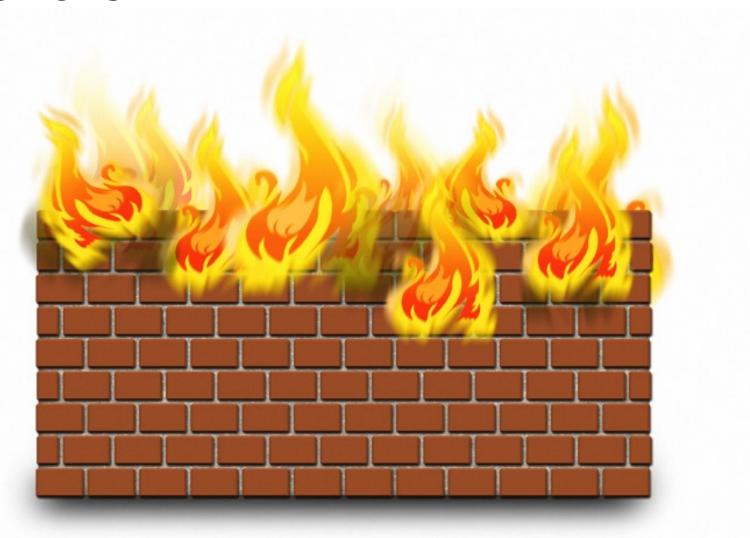
No exact OS matches for host (test conditions non-ideal).
Network Distance: 13 hops
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Nman done: 1 TP address (1 host up) scanned in 20 31 secon

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 20.31 seconds



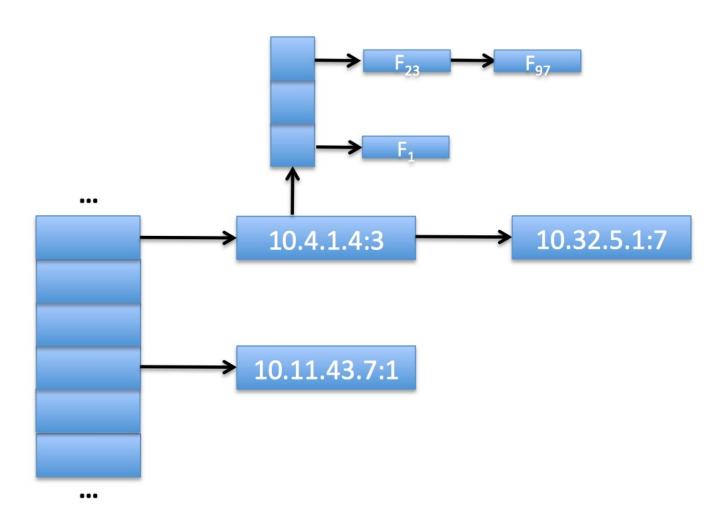
Firewalls



Packet Filtering

Protocol	Source IP	Dest. IP	Dest. Port	Action
TCP	*	192.168.1.*	25	Permit
UDP	*	192.168.1.*	69	Permit
TCP	192.168.1.*	*	80	Permit
TCP	*	192.168.1.18	80	Permit
TCP	*	192.168.1.*	*	Deny
TCP	*	192.168.1.*	*	Deny

Stateful Inspection



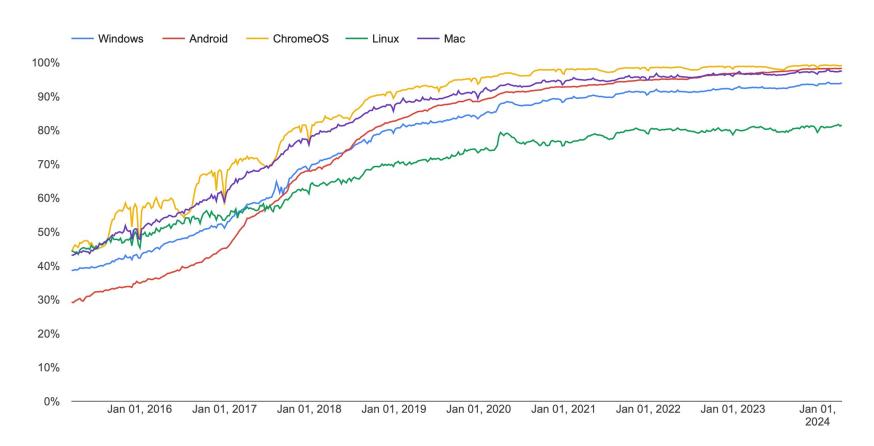
Deep-Packet Inspection



```
alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET 53 (msg:"OS-LINUX
OS-LINUX x86 Linux overflow attempt";
flow:to_server,established; content:"1|C0 B0 02 CD 80 85
C0|uL|EB|L^|B0|"; metadata:ruleset community, service dns;
classtype:attempted-admin; sid:264; rev:13;)
```

But there's a problem...

Percentage of pages loaded over HTTPS in Chrome by platform



Machine Learning



Network Security

