

Lecture 2: Vulnerabilities

CS 181S

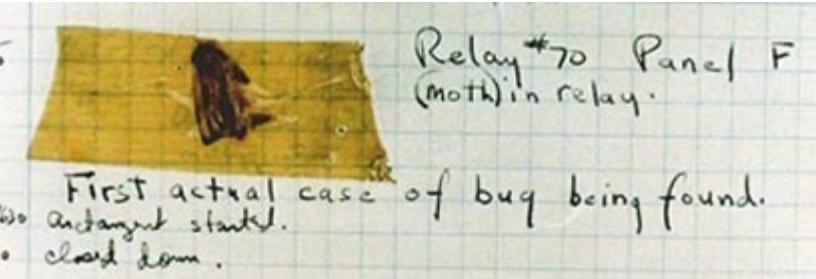
Spring 2024

The Big Picture

Attacks
are perpetrated by
threats
that inflict
harm
by exploiting
vulnerabilities
which are controlled by
countermeasures.

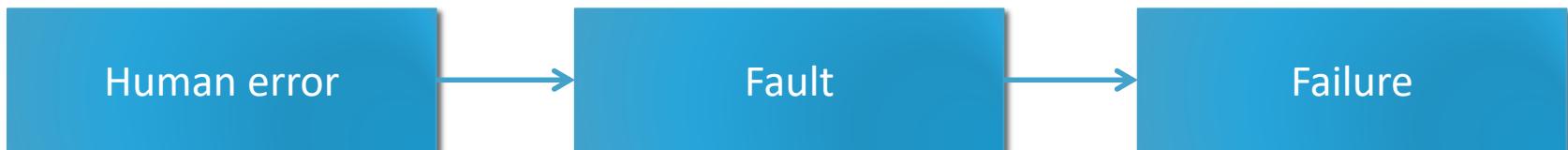
Bugs

"bug": suggests something just wandered in



[IEEE 729]

- **Fault:** result of human error in software system
 - E.g., implementation doesn't match design, or design doesn't match requirements
 - Might never appear to end user
- **Failure:** violation of requirement
 - Something goes wrong for end user



Vulnerability

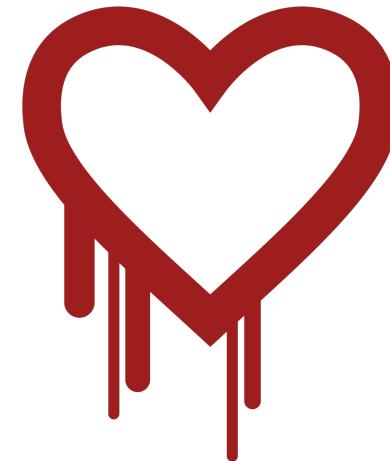
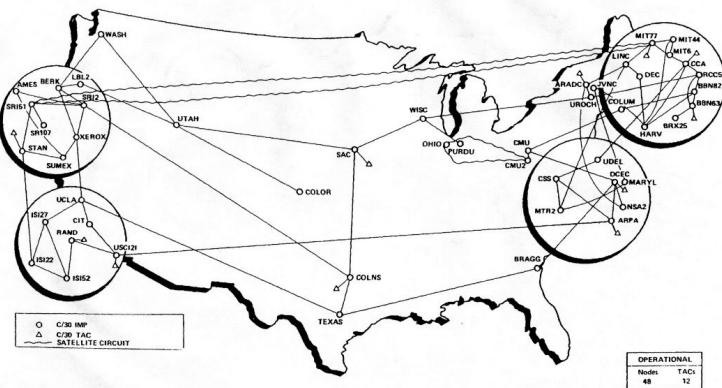
An unintended aspect of a system (design, implementation, or configuration) that can cause the system to do something it shouldn't, or fail to do something it should

- E.g., buffer overflows, code injection, cross-site scripting, missing authentication or access control, misconfiguration
- National databases: [CVE](#), [NVD](#)
- Ignoring vulnerabilities is risky
 - Too often: "no one would/could ever exploit that"
 - *Weakest link* phenomenon
- **Assumptions are vulnerabilities**



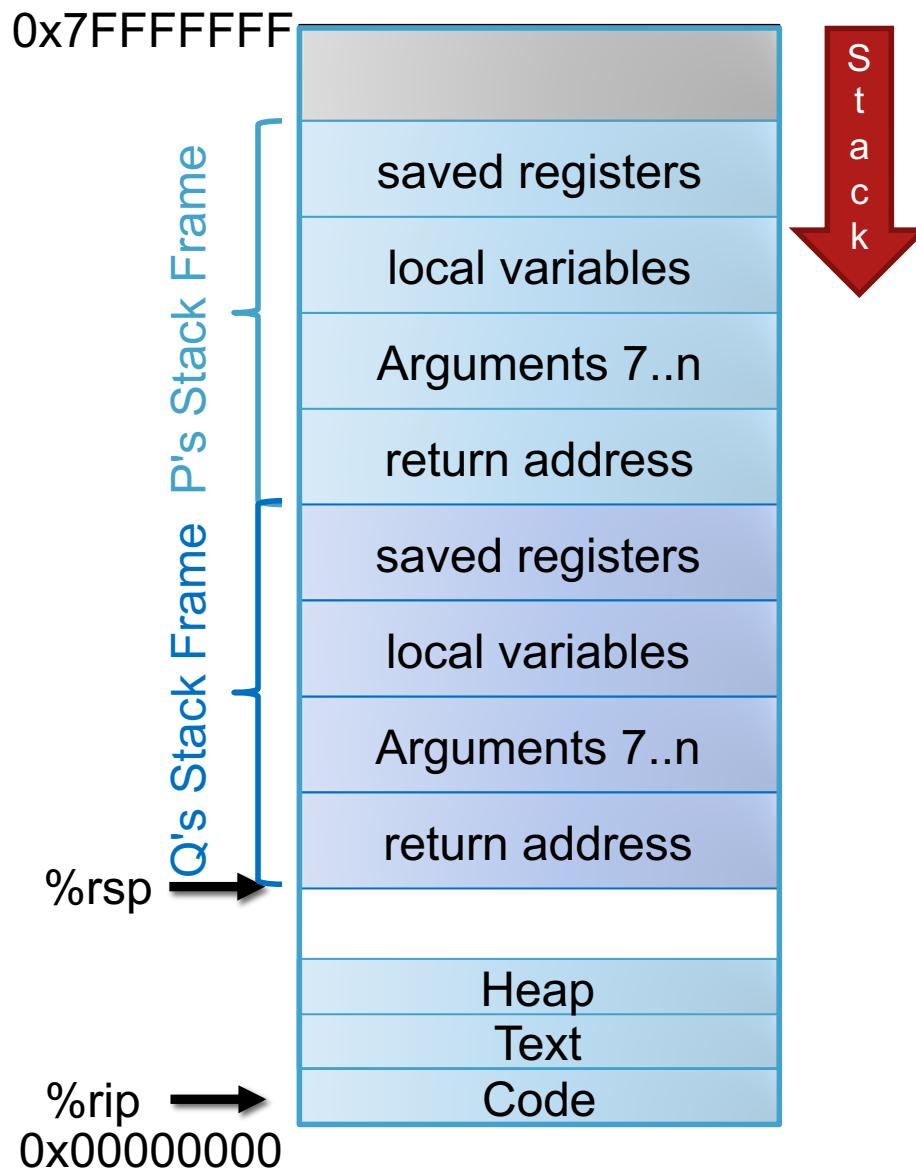
Buffer Overflow

ARPANET Geographic Map, 31 October 1988



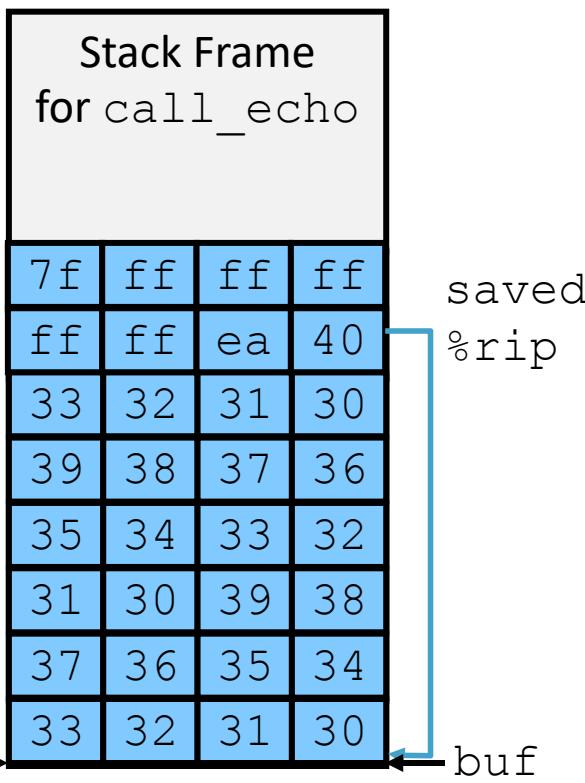
Review: Stack Frames

- Each function called gets a stack frame
- Passing data:
 - calling procedure P uses registers (and stack) to provide parameters to Q.
 - Q uses register %rax for return value
- Passing control:
 - **call <proc>**
 - Pushes return address (current %rip) onto stack
 - Sets %rip to first instruction of proc
 - **ret**
 - Pops return address from stack and places it in %rip
- Local storage:
 - allocate space on the stack by decrementing stack pointer, deallocate by incrementing



Review: Stack Smashing

- Idea: fill the buffer with bytes that will be interpreted as code
- Overwrite the return address with address of the beginning of the buffer



```
/* Echo Line */
void echo()
{
    char buf[4];
    gets(buf);
    puts(buf);
}
```

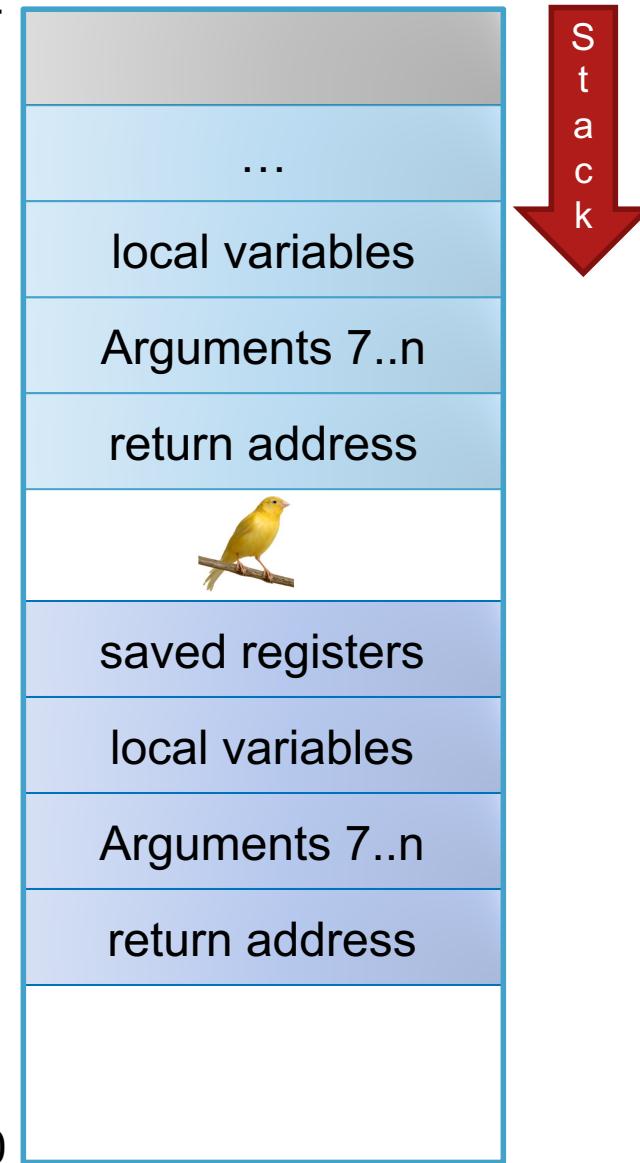
```
echo:
    subq $18, %rsp
    movq %rsp, %rdi
    call gets
    call puts
    addq $18, %rsp
    ret
```

Review: Stack Canaries

0x7FFFFFFF

- Idea
 - Place special value (“canary”) on stack just beyond buffer
 - Check for corruption before exiting function
- GCC Implementation
 - **-fstack-protector**
 - Now the default (disabled earlier)

0x00000000



Review: Stack Canaries

Stack Frame for call_echo			
00	00	00	00
00	40	06	f6
saved %rip			
canary			
00	32	31	30
39	38	37	36
35	34	33	32
31	30	39	38
37	36	35	34
33	32	31	30
buf ← %rsp			



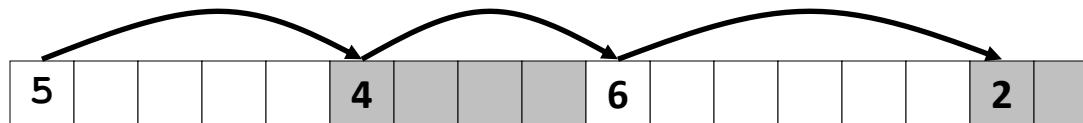
```
authenticate:  
pushq  %rbx  
subq  $16, %rsp  
movq  %rdi, %rbx  
movq  %fs:40, %rax  
movq  %rax, 8(%rsp)  
xorl  %eax, %eax  
movq  %rsp, %rdi  
call  gets  
movq  %rsp, %rsi  
movq  %rbx, %rdi  
call  strcmp  
testl %eax, %eax  
sete  %al  
movq  8(%rsp), %rdx  
xorq  %fs:40, %rdx  
je   .L2  
call  __stack_chk_fail  
.L2:  
movzbl %al, %eax  
addq  $16, %rsp  
popq  %rbx  
ret
```

Exercise 1: Stack Canaries

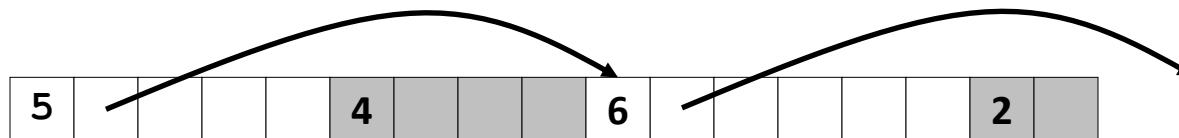
- Which of the following would make a good stack canary?
 1. A secret, constant value
 2. The current process ID
 3. A fixed sequence of common terminators (\0, EOF, etc.)
 4. A random number chosen each time the program is run

Review: Tracking Free Blocks

- Method 1: *Implicit list* using length—links all blocks



- Method 2: *Explicit list* among the free blocks using pointers



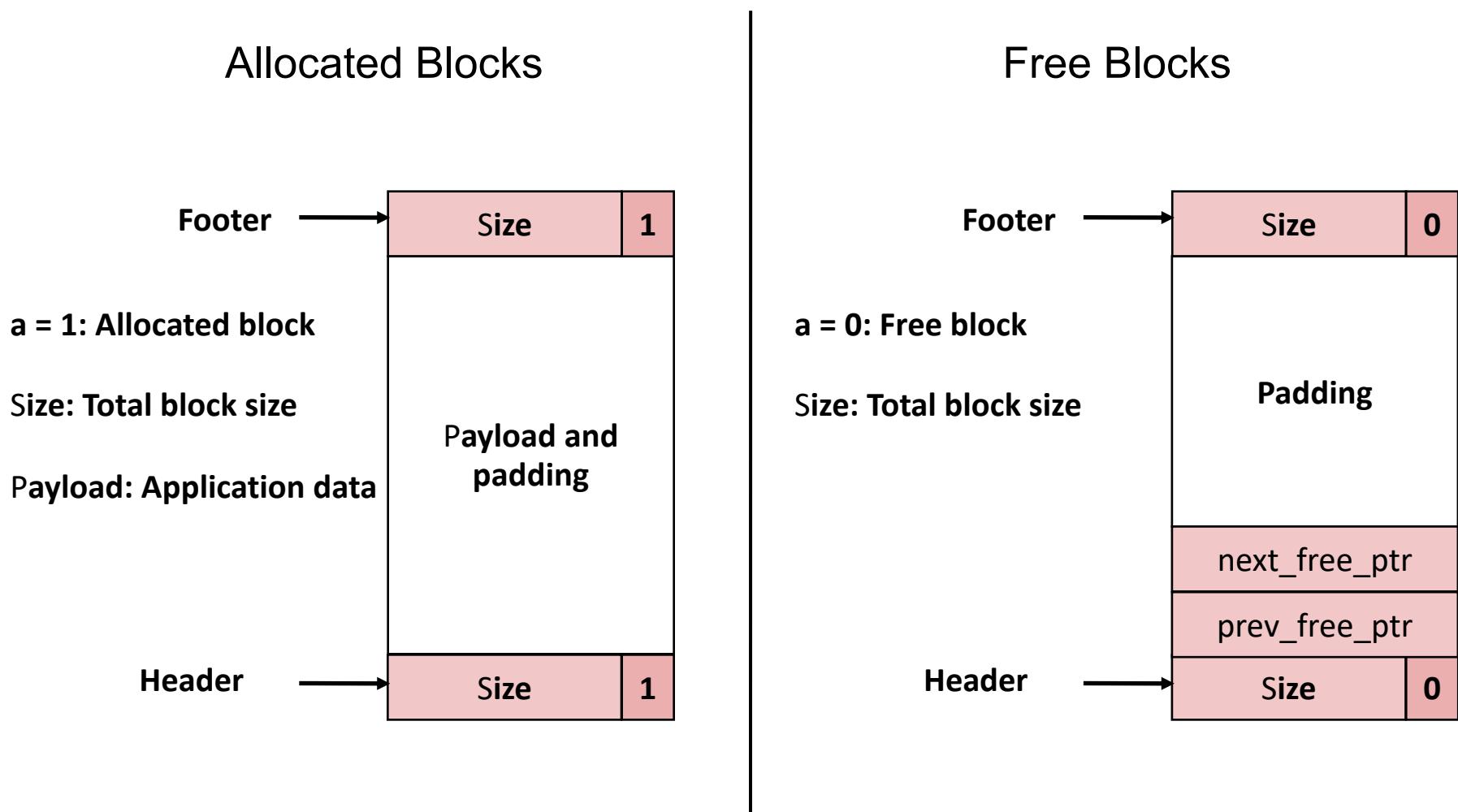
- Method 3: *Segregated free list*

- Different free lists for different size classes

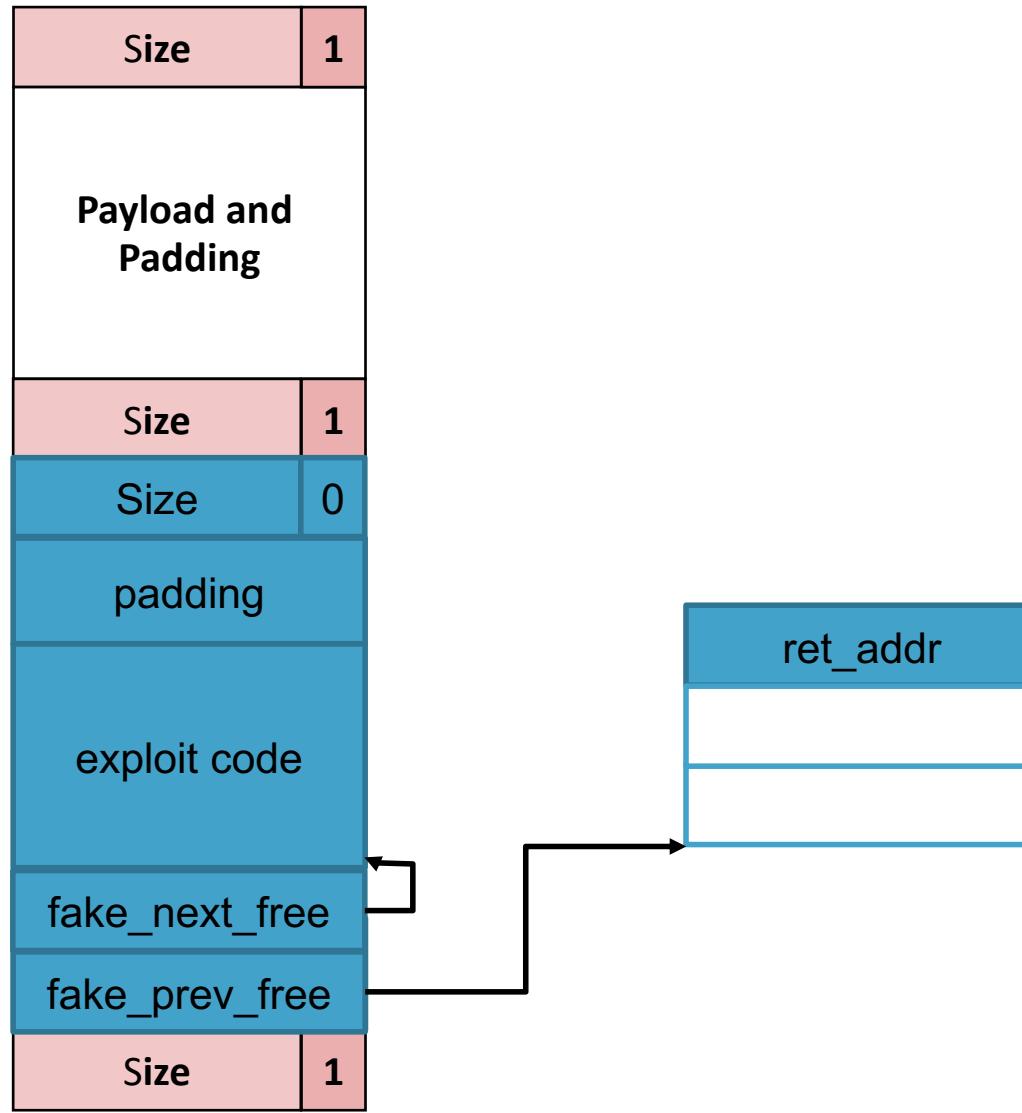
- Method 4: *Blocks sorted by size*

- Can use a balanced tree (e.g. Red-Black tree) with pointers within each free block, and the length used as a key

Review: Block Format

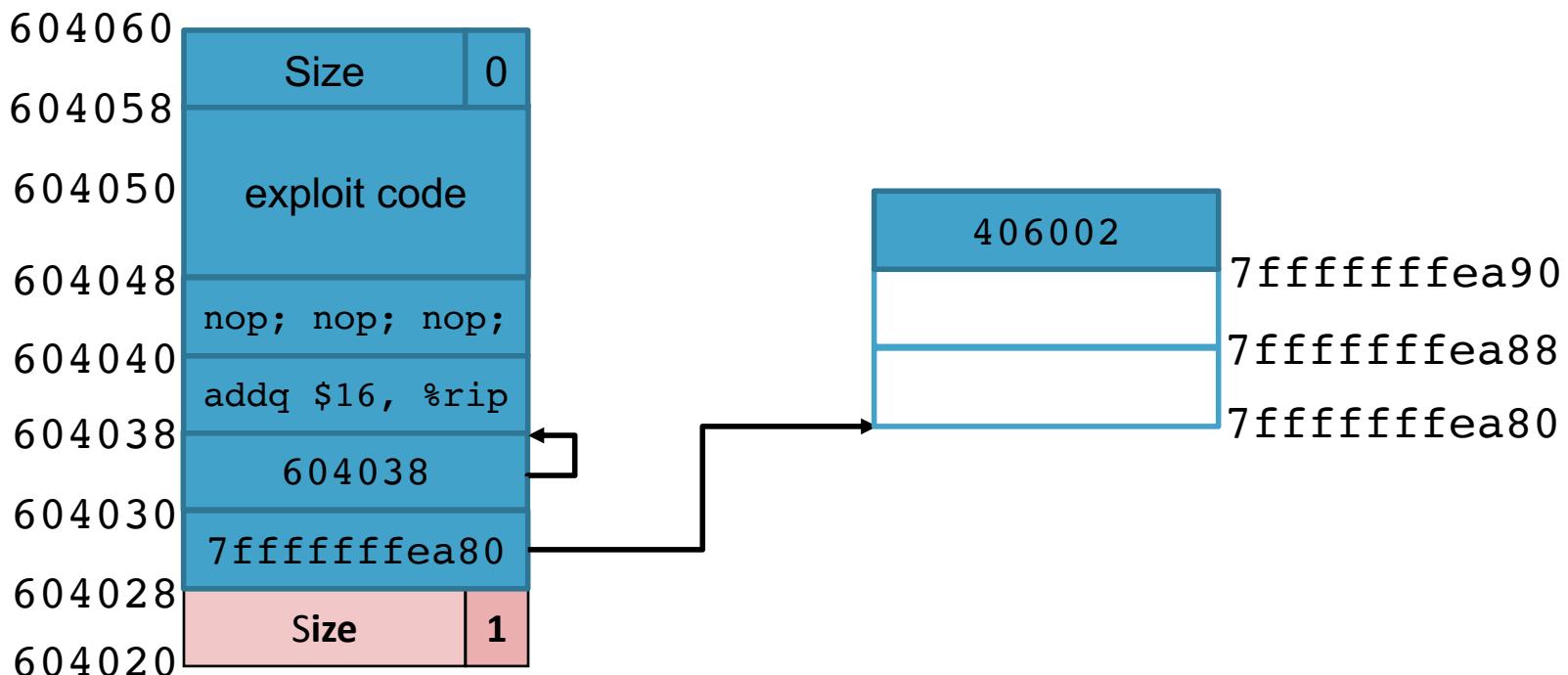


Heap Smashing



Exercise 2: Heap Smashing

- What would happen when the block after this one gets freed? (Assume that the coalesced block needs to be moved into a new linked list.)



Data Execution Prevention (DEP)



Code Reuse Attacks

- Key idea: execute instructions that already exist
- Defeats memory tagging defenses
- Examples:
 1. return to a library function (e.g., return-into-libc)
 2. return to some other instruction (return-oriented programming)

Return-into-libc

Sr.No.	Function & Description
1	double atof(const char *str) Converts the string pointed to, by the argument <i>str</i> to a floating-point number (type double).
2	int atoi(const char *str) Converts the string pointed to, by the argument <i>str</i> to an integer (type int).
3	long int atol(const char *str) Converts the string pointed to, by the argument <i>str</i> to a long integer (type long int).
8	void free(void *ptr) Deallocates the memory previously allocated by a call to <i>calloc</i> , <i>malloc</i> , or <i>realloc</i> .
9	void *malloc(size_t size) Allocates the requested memory and returns a pointer to it.
10	void *realloc(void *ptr, size_t size) Attempts to resize the memory block pointed to by <i>ptr</i> that was previously allocated with a call to <i>malloc</i> or <i>calloc</i> .
15	int system(const char *string) The command specified by <i>string</i> is passed to the host environment to be executed by the command processor.
16	void *bsearch(const void *key, const void *base, size_t nitems, size_t size, int (*compar)(const void *, const void *)) Performs a binary search.
17	void qsort(void *base, size_t nitems, size_t size, int (*compar)(const void *, const void *)) Sorts an array.
18	int abs(int x) Returns the absolute value of <i>x</i> .
22	int rand(void) Returns a pseudo-random number in the range of 0 to <i>RAND_MAX</i> .
23	void srand(unsigned int seed) This function seeds the random number generator used by the function rand .

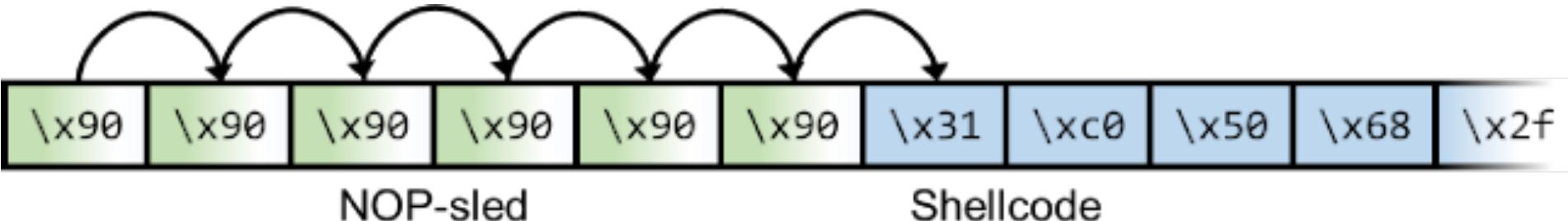
ASCII Armoring

- Make sure all system library addresses contain a null byte (0x00).
- Can be done by placing this code in the first 0x01010101 bytes of memory

Address Space Layout Randomization

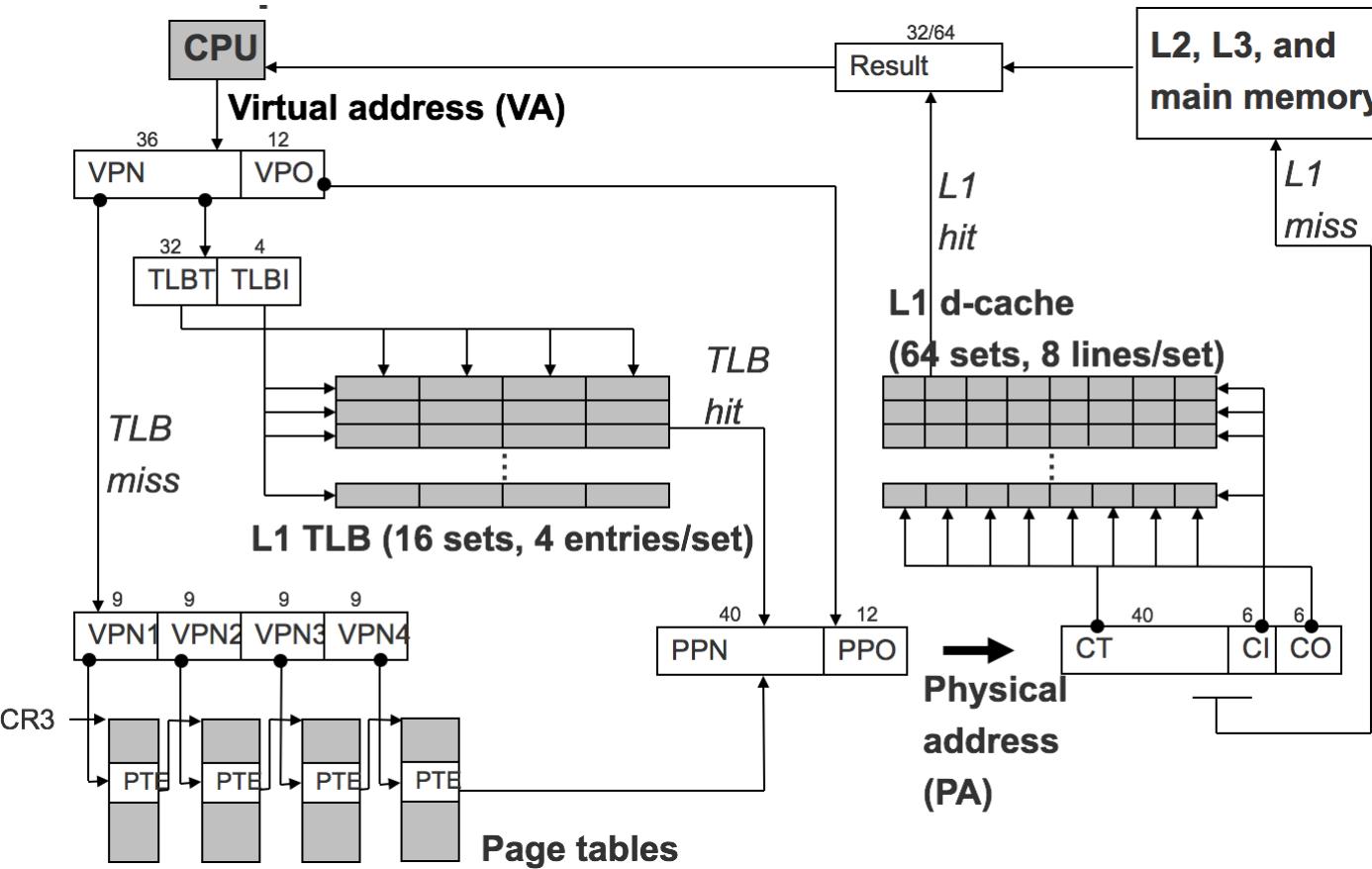


JIT Spraying



Memory Disclosure Vulnerabilities

- ASLR \oplus Cache



Properties of x86 Assembly

- Intel Instruction Set Architecture (ISA)
- Introduced 1978, still supported
- As of 2020, most common architecture on servers, PCs, and laptops
- variable length instructions
- not word aligned
- dense instruction set

Gadgets

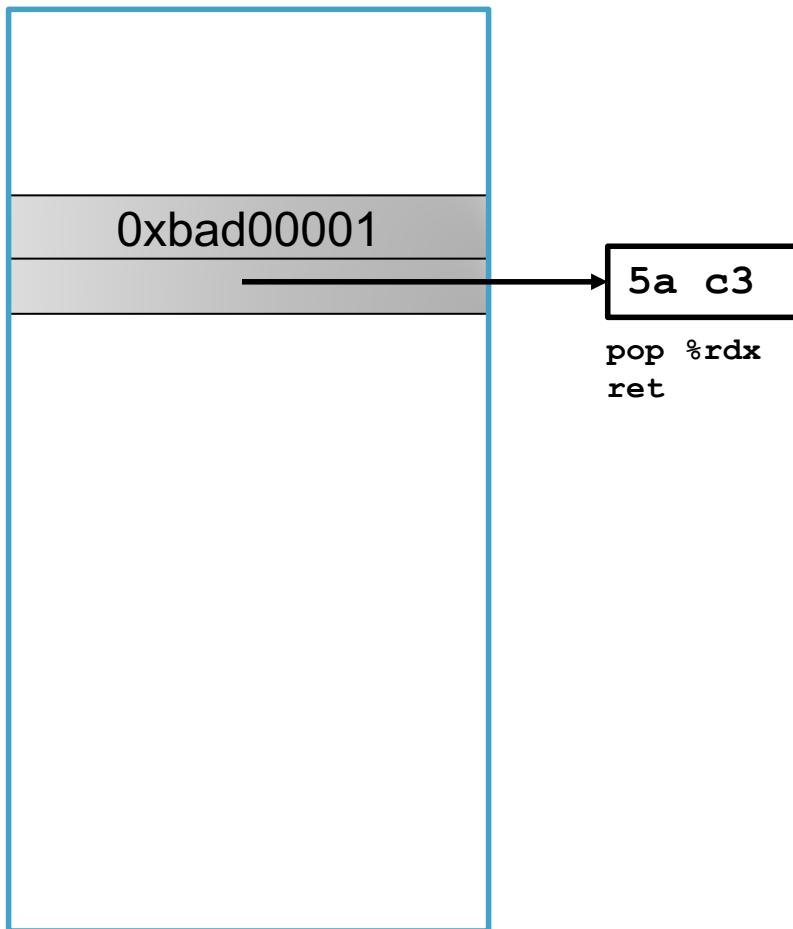
```
void setval(unsigned *p) {  
    *p = 3347663060u;  
}
```

```
<setval>:  
4004d9: c7 07 d4 48 89 c7    movl $0xc78948d4,(%rdi)  
4004df: c3                      ret
```

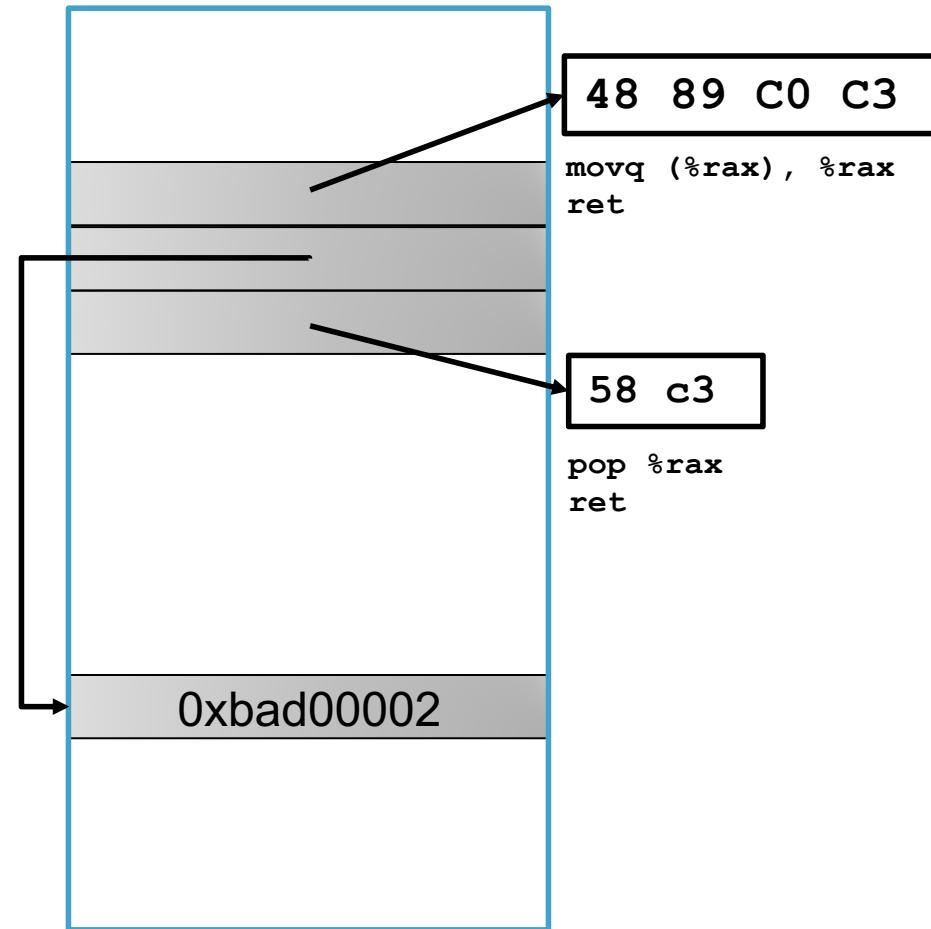
gadget address: **0x4004dc**
encodes: **movq %rax, %rdi**
ret
executes: **%rdi <- %rax**

Example Gadgets

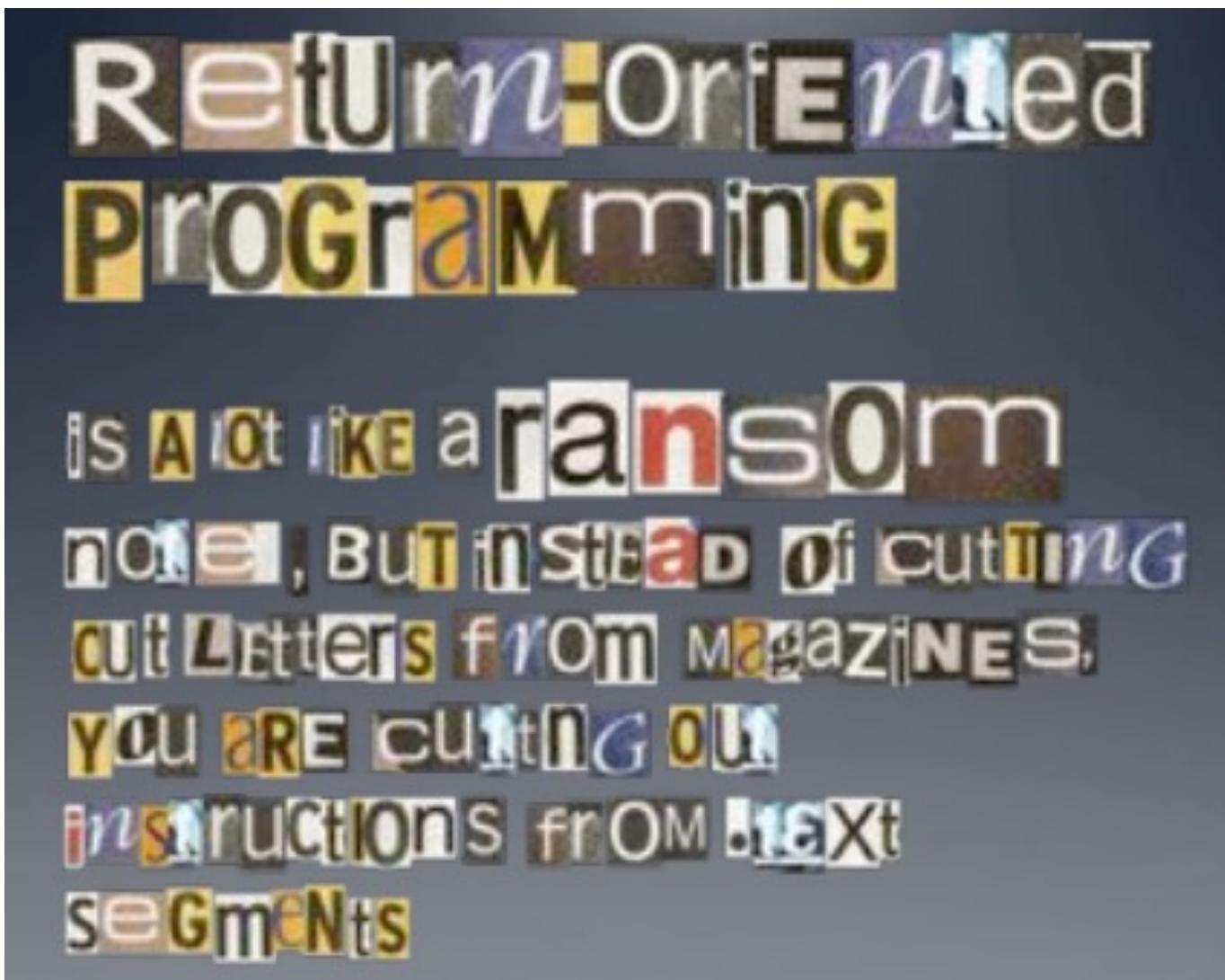
Load Constant



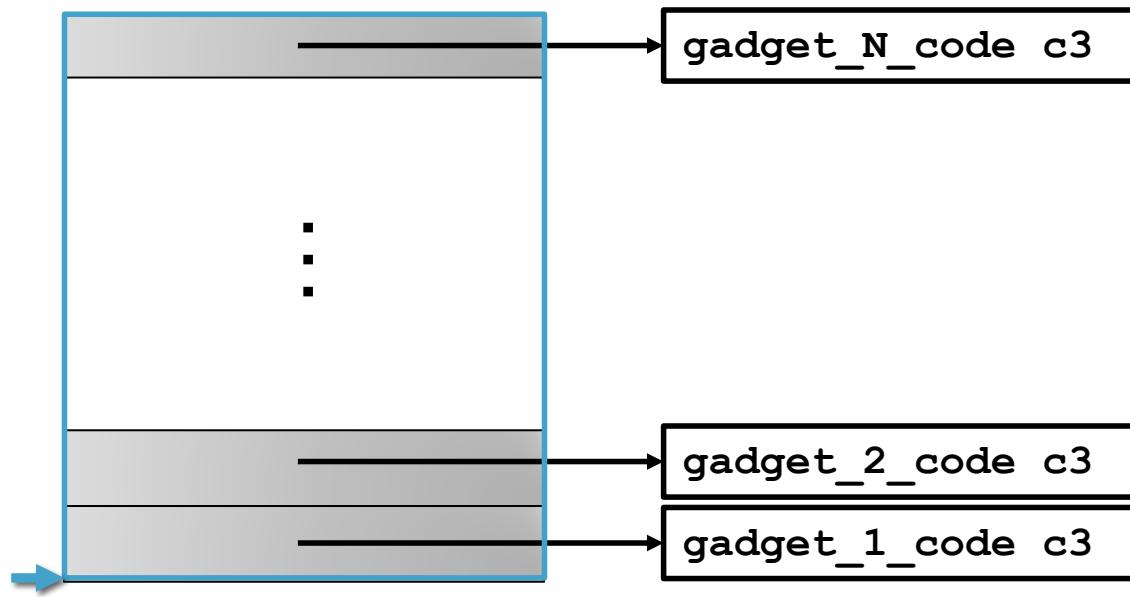
Load from memory



Return-oriented Programming

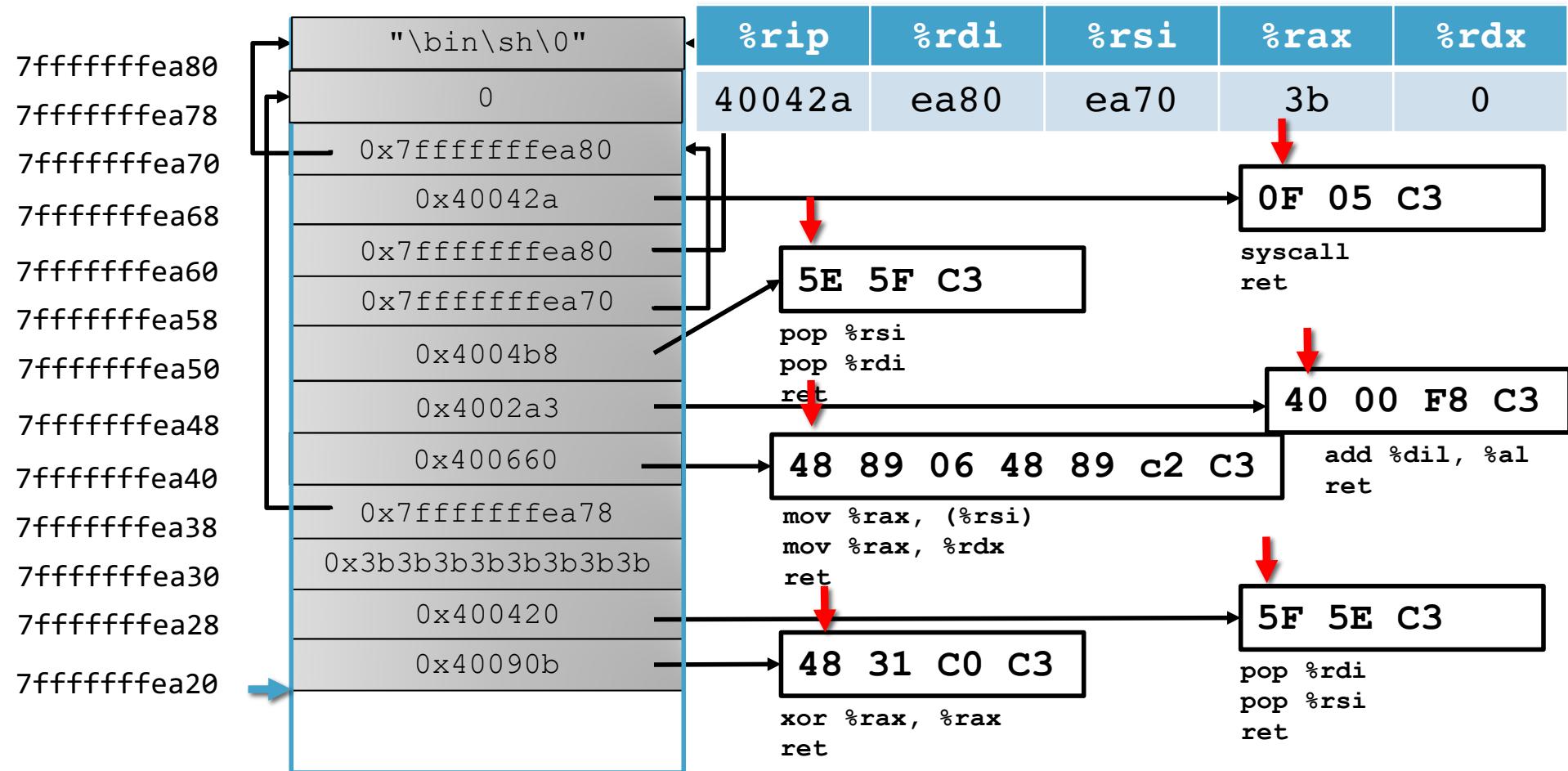


Return-oriented Programming



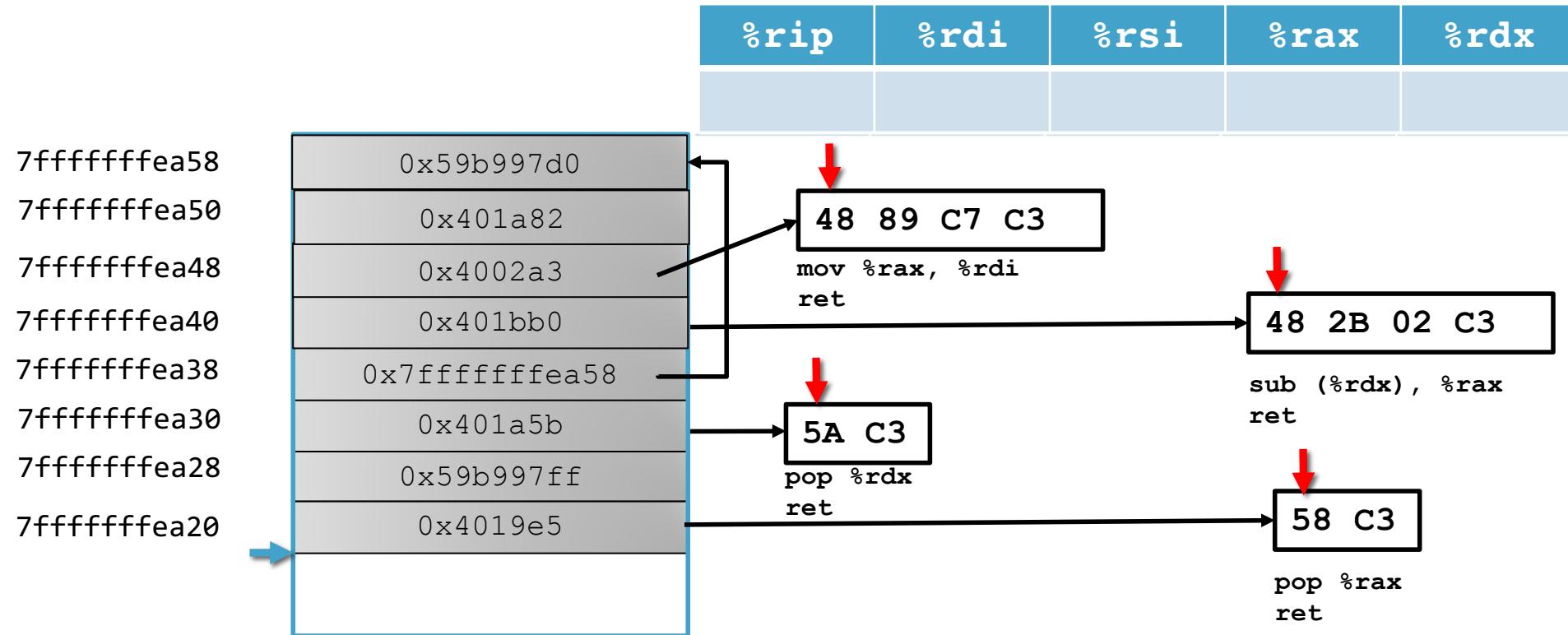
Final ret in each gadget sets pc (%rip) to beginning of next gadget code

Return-Oriented Shellcode



Exercise 3: ROP

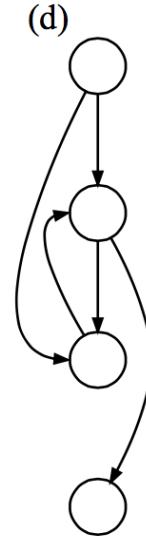
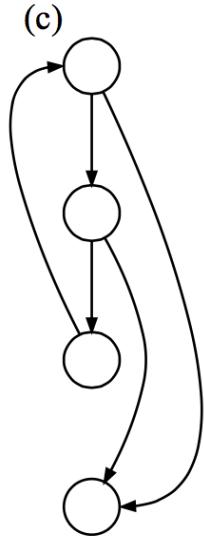
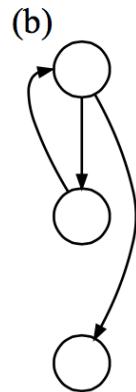
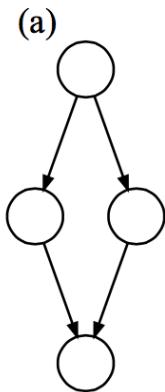
- What are the values in the registers when the function at address 0x401a82 starts executing?



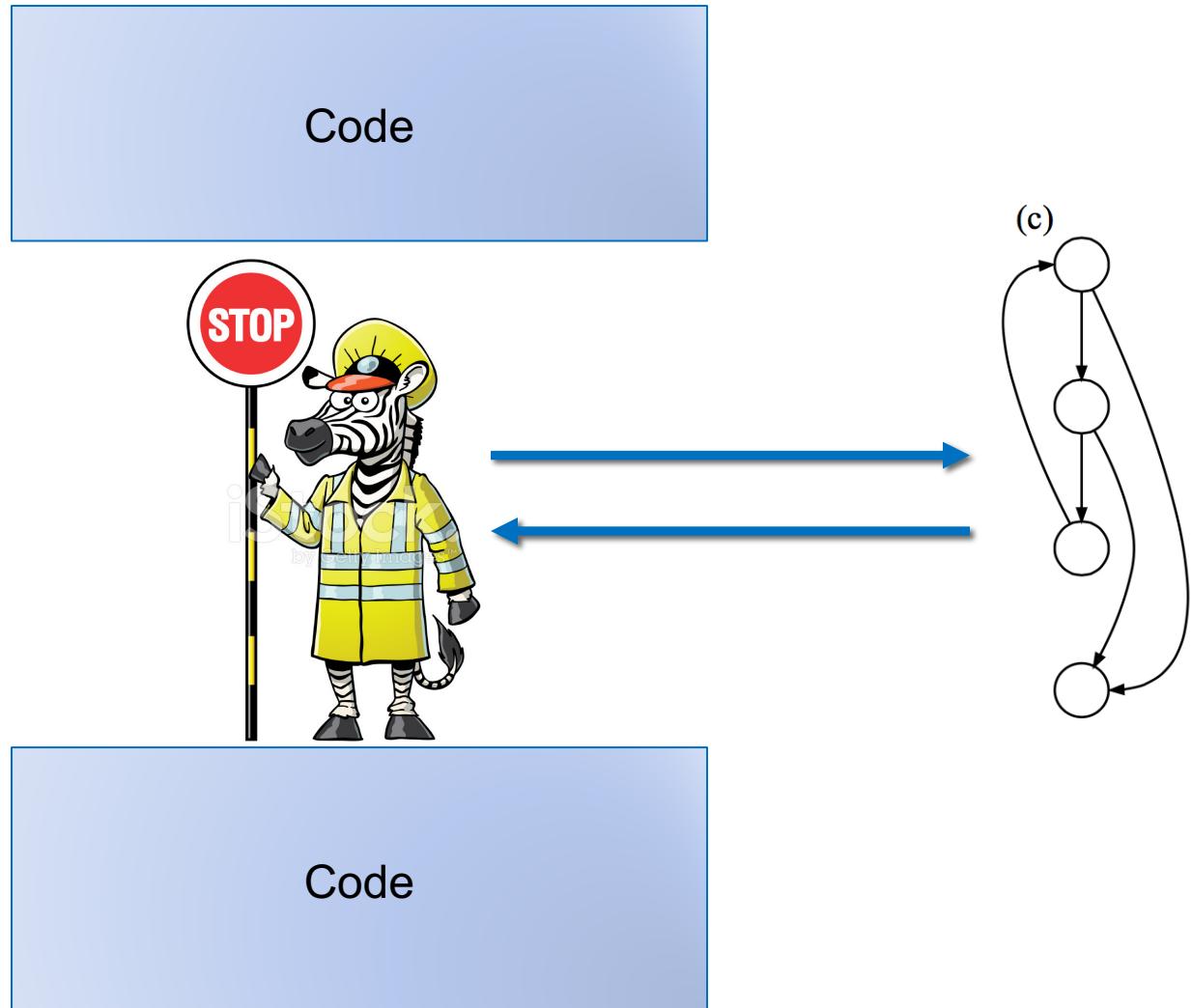
Gadget Elimination



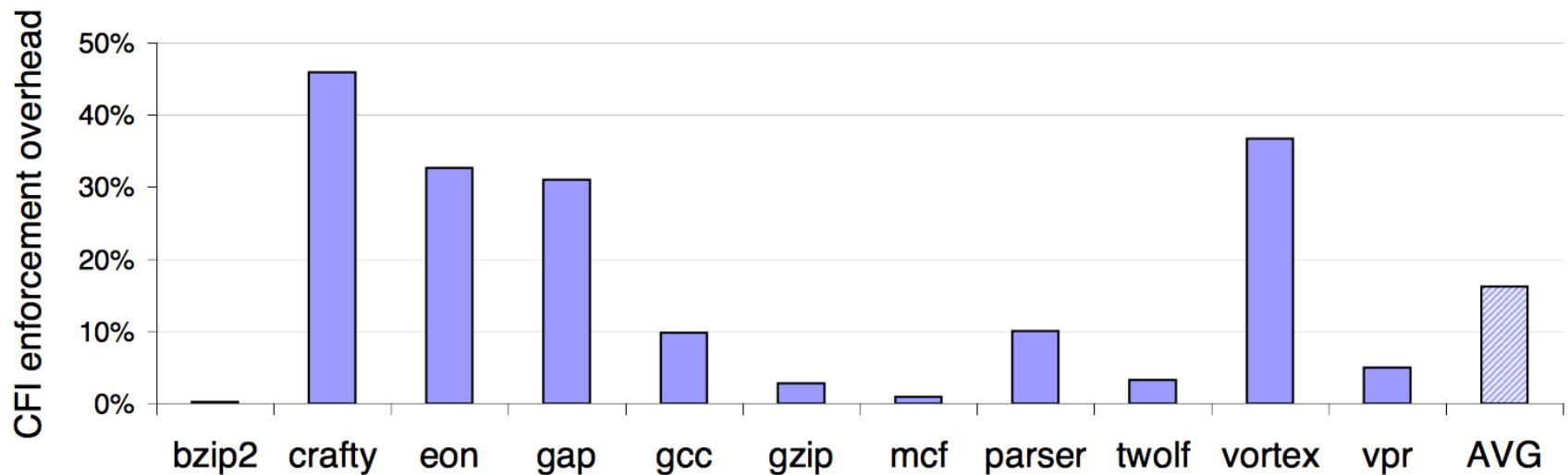
Control Flow Integrity



CFI = Insert Monitors

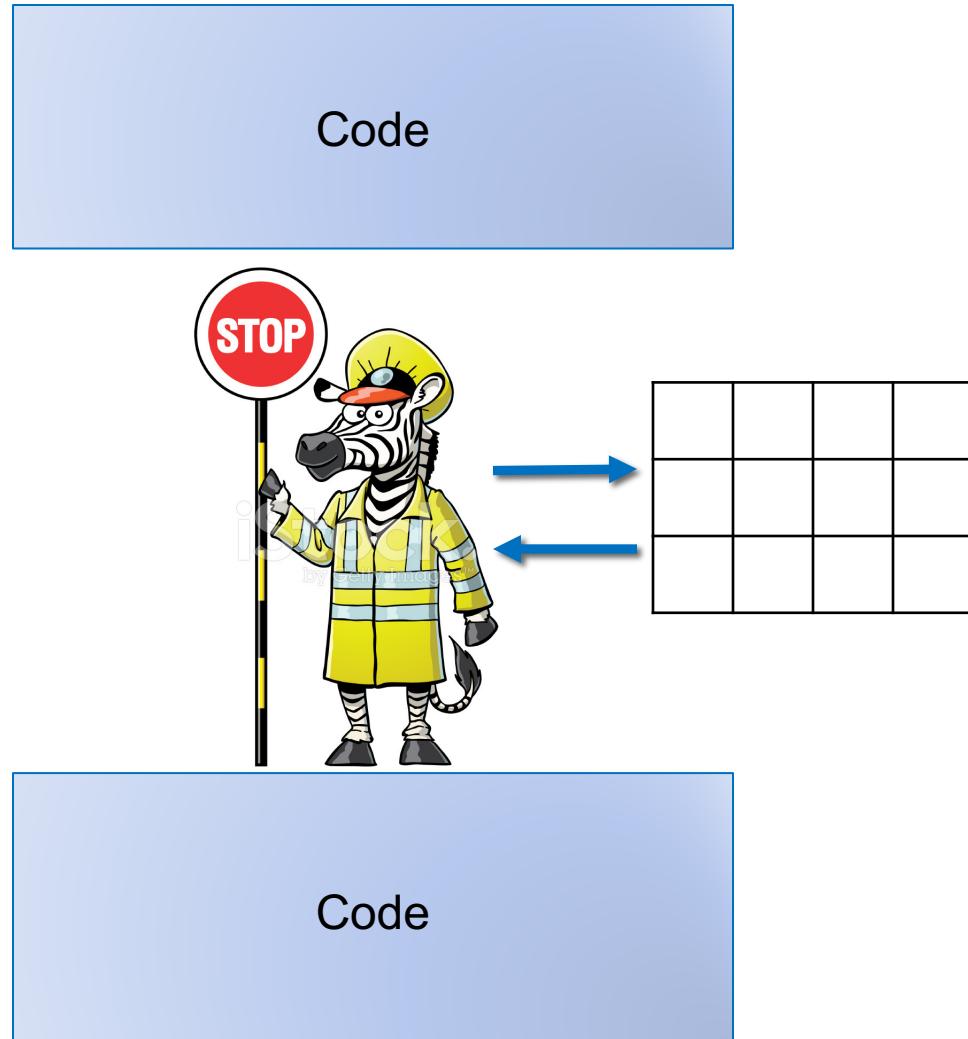


CFI Overhead

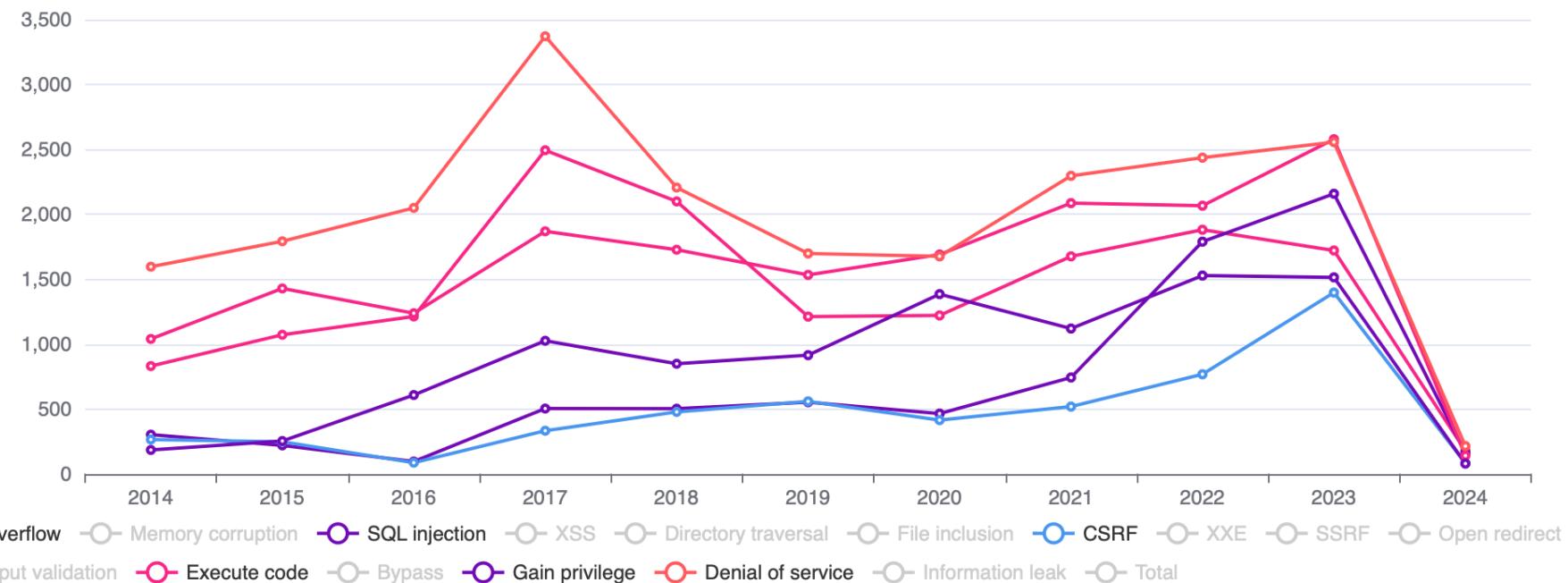


Control Flow Guard

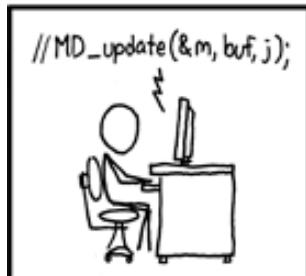
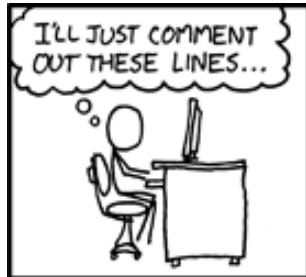
- Approximate CFI implementation in Windows 8.1, 10
- Jump is valid if it beginning of function
 - Granularity: 8 bytes
- Check implemented as bitmap



Vulnerabilities by Year



Vulnerabilities



IN THE RUSH TO CLEAN UP THE DEBIAN-OPENSSL FIASCO, A NUMBER OF OTHER MAJOR SECURITY HOLES HAVE BEEN UNCOVERED:

AFFECTED SYSTEM	SECURITY PROBLEM
FEDORA CORE	VULNERABLE TO CERTAIN DECODER RINGS
XANDROS (EEE PC)	GIVES ROOT ACCESS IF ASKED IN STERN VOICE
GENTOO	VULNERABLE TO FLATTERY
OLPC OS	VULNERABLE TO JEFF GOLDBLUM'S POWERBOOK
SLACKWARE	GIVES ROOT ACCESS IF USER SAYS ELVISH WORD FOR "FRIEND"
UBUNTU	TURNS OUT DISTRO IS ACTUALLY JUST WINDOWS VISTA WITH A FEW CUSTOM THEMES