Lecture 11: Linked Lists

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Piazza

- Two students still not enrolled.
- All important communications to the class will be through Piazza.
 - You are responsible for knowing what has been posted there.

Writing Code

- No complex code ever works first time.
 - If I just fix this last thing ...
- Think about testing before you write the code.
 - Never write more than a method or two without testing it.
- Talk about JUnit in lab next week.

FileIO

- File class:
 - represents a file or directory
 - doesn't have to exist
 - use the File.separator so that it doesn't matter what system we run on.
- Some methods that may be helpful:
 - delete()
- isDirectory()
- exists()
- listFiles()mkdir()
- createNewFile()
- isFile()
- renameTo(...)

Linked Lists

- Alternate implementation of lists
- Trade-offs in complexity
 - With ArrayList expensive to add at beginning of list
 - Linked lists inexpensive to add early
 - However, slow to access ith element.



Linked List Algos

- Constructor
- addFirst, removeFirst
- get(i)
- indexOf(e)
- add(i,o)
- remove(e), remove(i)
- iterator

What is worst-case complexity of each?

Variants of List

- If add a lot at end, add "tail" pointer
 - Makes adding at end faster
 - But bit harder to delete at end
 - More special cases -- e.g. add first when empty
 - See implementation when look at queues.







Compact description of linked list variants:

https://wiki.cs.auckland.ac.nz/compsci105ss/index.php/Linked_Lists