

CS52: Recursion Patterns

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# Numeric recursion

```
fun numrec n = if n < 0 then
    negative_case – possibly an exception
else if n = 0 then
    base_case
else
    expression_involving_recursive_call;
```

---

Examples:

factorial

sumList (from assignment 0)

# Numeric recursion + baggage

```
fun numrec m n = if n < 0 then
    negative_case – possibly an exception
else if n = 0 then
    base_case
else
    expression_involving_m_and_recursive_call;
```

Some times we need additional information, *but the recursion is still just on one of the numbers.*

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Examples:

power

interval

interval2

# Simple list recursion

```
fun listrec [] = base case
  | listrec (x::xs) =
    expression_involving_(listrec xs);
```

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Examples:

appendAll

sumList (from lecture)

rev (version 1.0)

myLength

cubeAll

uniquify

myAppend

# Simple list recursion + baggage

```
fun listrec y [] = base case
  | listrec y (x::xs) =
      expression_involving_y_and_(listrec xs);
```

Some times we need additional information, *but the recursion is still just on the list.*

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Examples:

lessThanList

myFilter

map

member

funPairs

consAll

# Simultaneous list recursion

```
fun sumulrec [] _ = base case
  | sumulrec _ [] = base case2
  | sumulrec (x::xs) (y::ys) =
    expression_involving_(sumulrec xs ys);
```

Some times we need additional information, *but the recursion is still just on the list.*

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Examples:

myZip

# Recursion with an accumulator

```
fun accumrec acc [] = expression_involving_acc
  | accumrec acc (x::xs) =
      expression_with_recursive_call_x_xs_and_acc
      (acc should be "added to" in the call)
```

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Examples:

revAux

addAllAux (from Intro to SML)