

A Single Neuron

Outline

- A quick tour of machine learning
- A description of linear regression
- A description of ^{binary} classification
- Description of a single neuron

A Quick Tour of Machine Learning

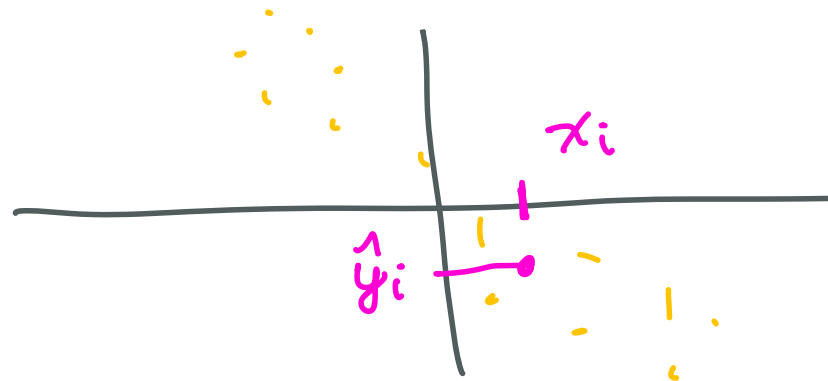
[Machine learning – Wikipedia](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Machine_learning)

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Machine_learning

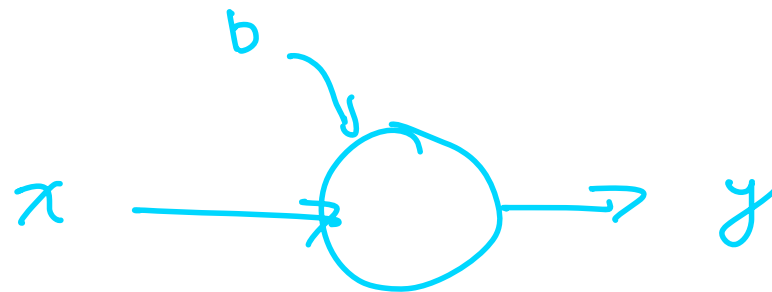
<https://blinpete.github.io/wiki-graph/?lang=en&wordle&query=Machine%20learning>

Linear Regression (Scalar Output)

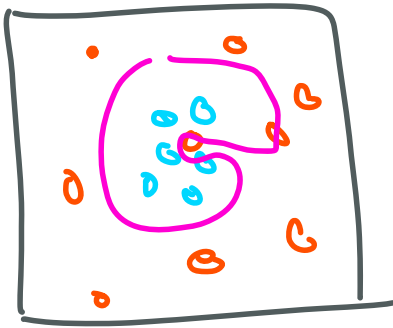
$$x_i = 0.2$$
$$\hat{y}_i$$



Linear Regression - MIT Mathlets
(<https://mathlets.org/mathlets/linear-regression/>)



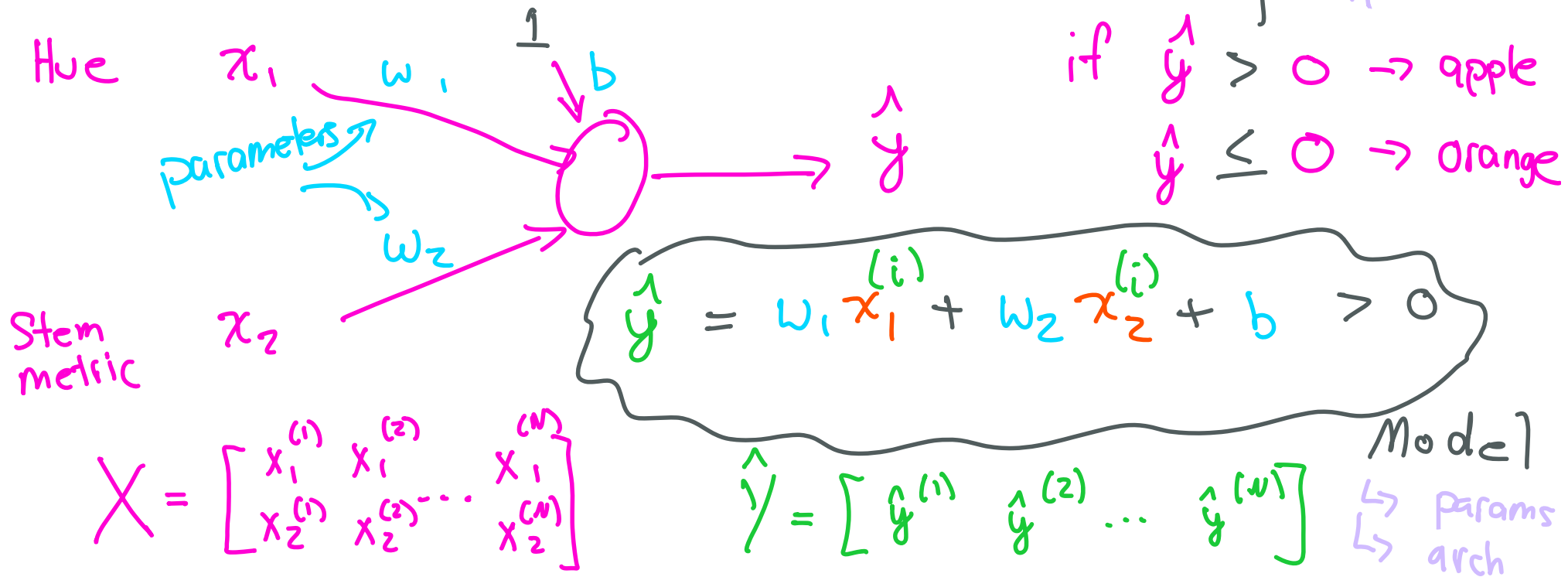
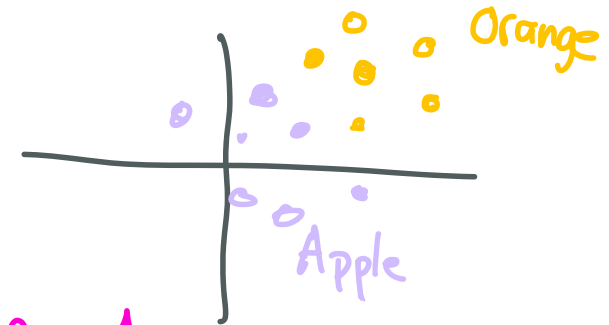
Classification



[A Neural Network Playground](https://playground.tensorflow.org)
<https://playground.tensorflow.org>

A Single Neuron

- AKA perceptron or logistic-regression (more or less)
- What would you all like to use as an example?



Supervised Learning
↓

$Y = \langle \text{correct values} \rangle$

$\hat{Y} = \langle \text{predictions} \rangle$

What do we optimize?

$$\hat{y} = w_1 x_1^{(i)} + w_2 x_2^{(i)} + b > 0$$

Optimize the parameter

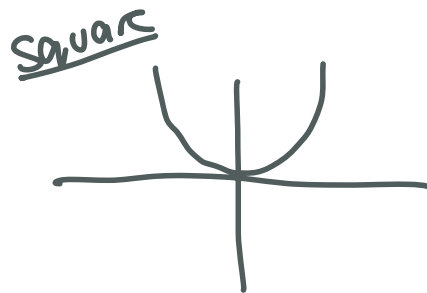
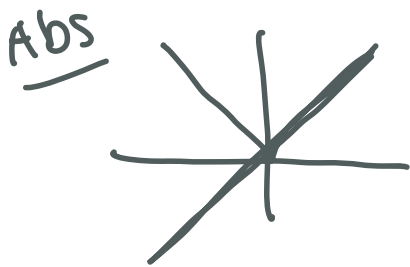
~~Objective Function~~

~~Cost Function~~

Loss Function

$$L(\hat{y}, y) = (\hat{y} - y)^2$$

How do I know if I should increase or decrease w_1 based on the given loss function?



Gradient Descent

$$J(\hat{y}, y) = (\hat{y} - y)^2 \quad \hat{y} = w_1 x_1^{(i)} + w_2 x_2^{(i)} + b > 0$$

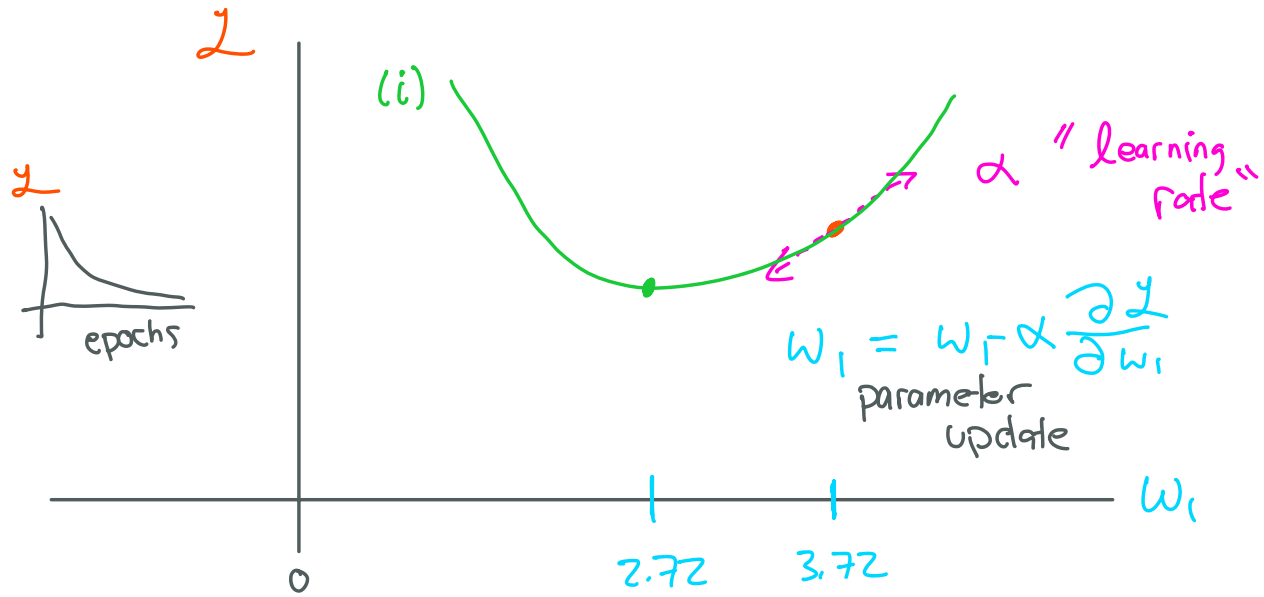
$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} = \frac{\partial}{\partial w_1} (\hat{y} - y)^2 \quad \text{< power rule >}$$

$$= 2(\hat{y} - y) \frac{\partial}{\partial w_1} (w_1 x_1^{(i)} + w_2 x_2^{(i)} + b - y)$$

$$= 2(\hat{y} - y) x_1^{(i)}$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial w_1} =$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial y} \cdot \frac{\partial y}{\partial w_1}$$



$$\hat{y} = w_1 x_1^{(i)} + w_2 x_2^{(i)} + b$$

