

In-Class Worksheet

Discrete Math & Functional Programming— CSCI 054— Spring 2025

Instructor: Osborn

Let $T(n)$ be the number of filled triangles in a Sierpinski's triangle after n iterations where $T(0)$ is a single filled triangle. Observe that $T(n) = 3T(n - 1)$

Use induction to prove that $T(n) = 3^n$.

Consider the recurrence relation:

$$T(n) = 5T(n-1) - 6T(n-2)$$

$$T(0) = 2$$

$$T(1) = 5$$

Claim: $\forall n \in \mathbb{Z}_0^+ : T(n) = 2^n + 3^n$

- We prove the claim using a proof by strong induction on:
 - Base case(s):
 - Inductive hypothesis (IHOP):
 - Inductive step:
 - We want to show that:
 - Proof:
- Therefore by the principle of mathematical induction: