In-Class Worksheet

Discrete Math & Functional Programming— CSCI 054— Spring 2025 Instructor: Osborn

even: an integer k is even if and only if there exists an integer r such that k=2r

odd: an integer k is odd if and only if there exists an integer r such that k = 2r + 1

divides: given integers k and m, k|m if and only if there exists an integer r such that m = kr. This is equivalent to saying that $m \mod k = 0$ or that k evenly divides m.

prime: an integer k > 1 is prime if the only positive integers that evenly divide k are 1 and k itself.

composite: an integer k > 1 is composite if it is not prime.

perfect square: an integer k is a perfect square if and only if there exists an integer r such that $k = r^2$

For all positive integers n, $2n = n^2$.

Let x be any integer. If x is a perfect square, then 4x is a perfect square.

$$\forall i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\} : [\exists j \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\} : (i \neq j) \land (A[i] = A[j])]$$

$$\exists y \in \mathbb{R} : \forall x \in \mathbb{R} : x < y \tag{1}$$

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R} : \exists y \in \mathbb{R} : x < y \tag{2}$$

$$\neg(\forall i \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\} : [\exists j \in \{1, 2, \dots, n\} : (i \neq j) \land (A[i] = A[j])])$$