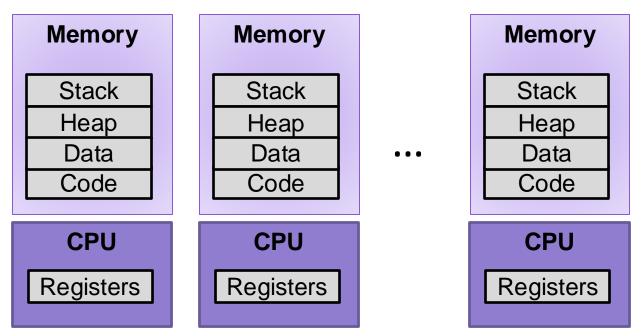
Lecture 16: Virtual Memory

CS 105

Fall 2024

Multiprocessing: The Illusion



Process provides each program with two key abstractions:

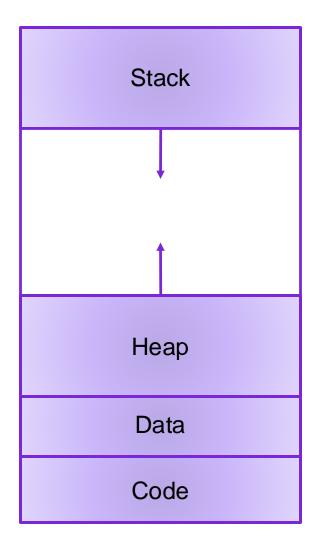
- Logical control flow
 - Each program seems to have exclusive use of the CPU
 - Provided by kernel mechanism called context switching
- Private address space
 - Each program seems to have exclusive use of main memory.
 - Provided by kernel mechanism called virtual memory

Multiprocessing: The Reality

- Computer runs many processes simultaneously
- Running program "top" on Mac
 - System has 123 processes, 5 of which are active
 - Identified by Process ID (PID)

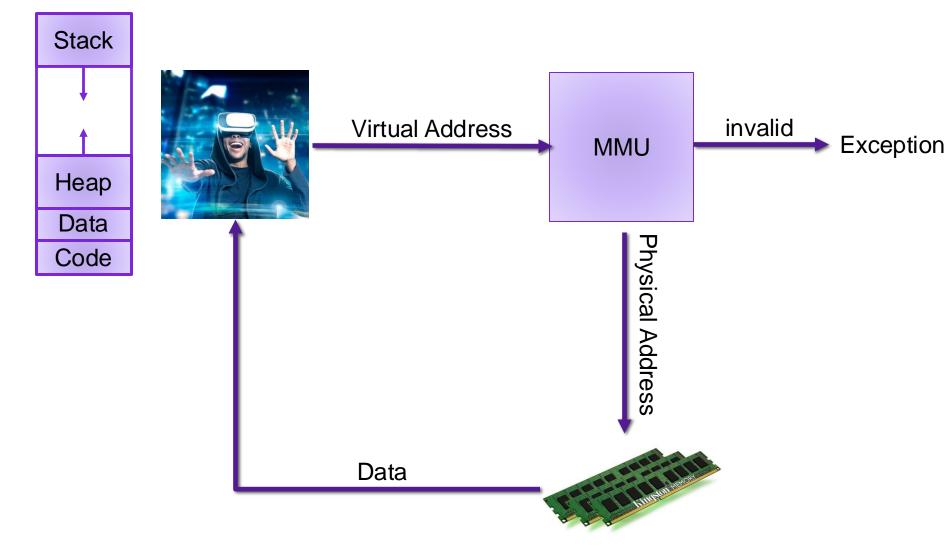


Virtual Memory Goals

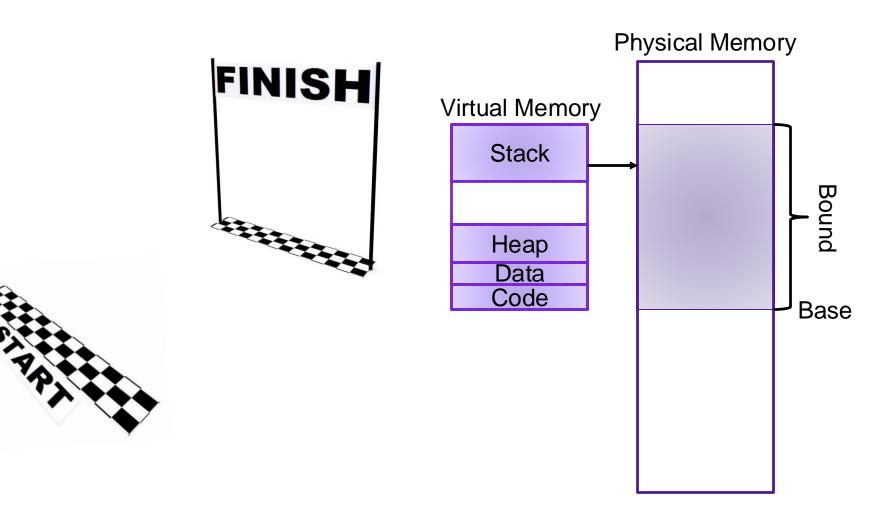


- Isolation: don't want different process states collided in physical memory
- Efficiency: want fast reads/writes to memory
- Sharing: want option to overlap for communication
- Utilization: want best use of limited resource
- Virtualization: want to create illusion of more resources

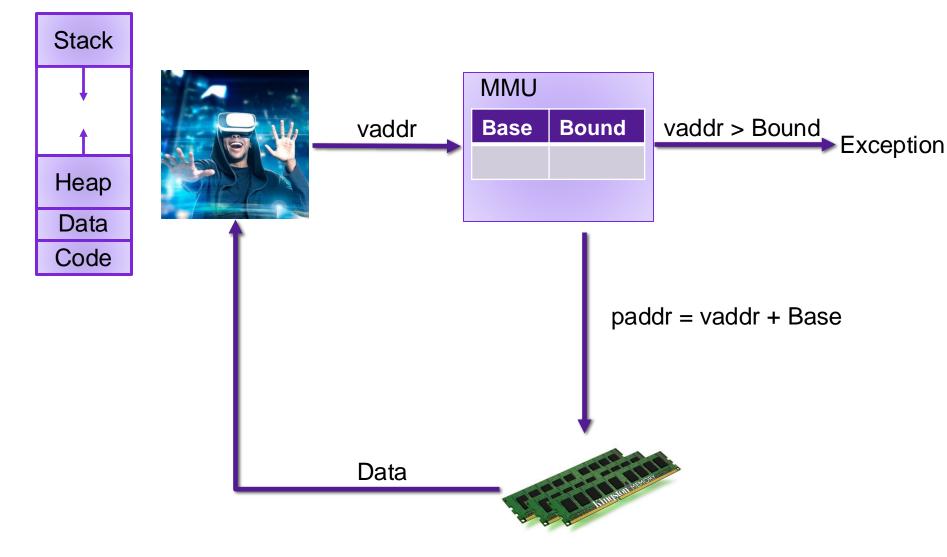
Address Translation



Base-and-Bound



Base-and-Bound

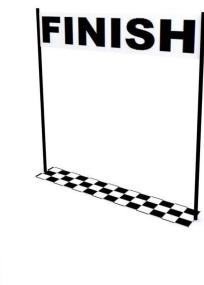


Exercise 1: Base-and-Bound

Assume that you are currently executing a process P with Base 0x1234 and Bound 0x100.

- What is the physical address that corresponds to the virtual address 0x47?
- What is the physical address that corresponds to the virtual address 0x123?

Evaluating Base-and-Bound



- Isolation: don't want different process states collided in physical memory
- Efficiency: want fast reads/writes to memory
- Sharing: want option to overlap for communication

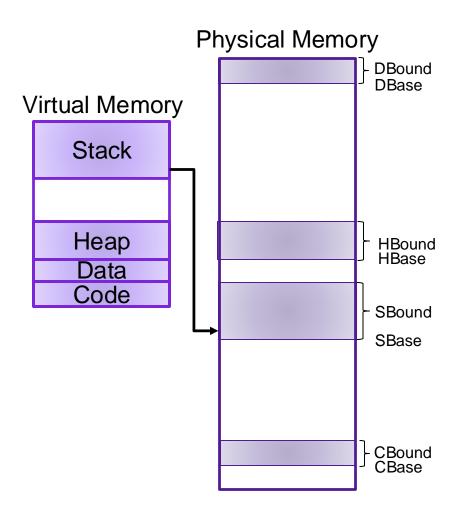


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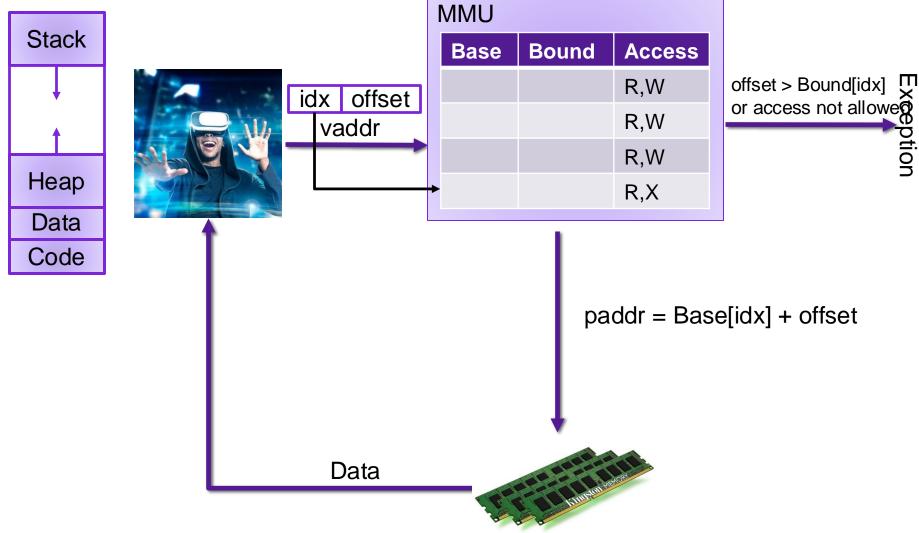


Segmentation





Segmentation



Exercise 2: Segmentation

Assume that you are currently executing a process P with the following segment table:

Base	Bound	Access
0x4747	0x80	R,W
0x2424	0x40	R,W
0x0023	0x80	R,W
0x1000	0x200	R,X

- What is the physical address that corresponds to the virtual address 0x001?
- What is the physical address that corresponds to the virtual address 0xD47?

Evaluating Segmentation

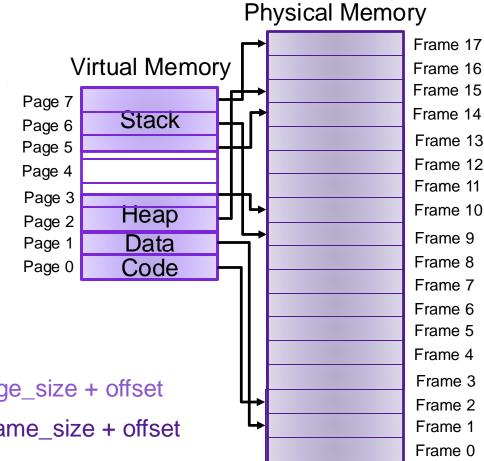


- Isolation: don't want different process states collided in physical memory
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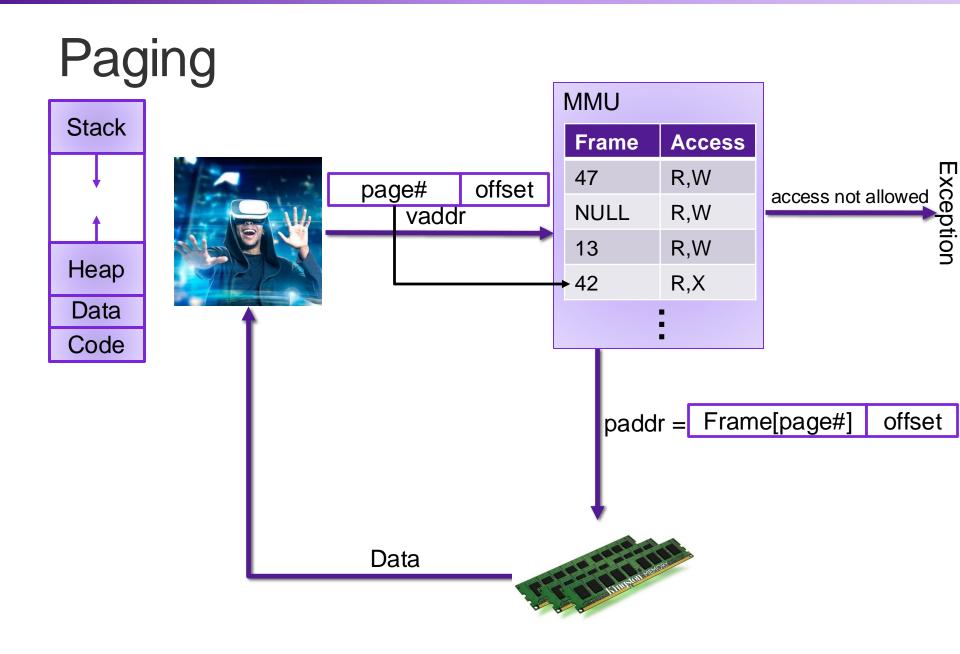


Paging





vaddr = page_num*page_size + offset
paddr = frame_num*frame_size + offset



Exercise 3: Paging

Assume that you are currently executing a process P with the following page table on a system with 16 byte pages:

÷	Frame	Access
0x17	0x47	R,W
0x16	0xF4	R,W
0x15	NULL	R,W
0x14	0x23	R,X

- What is the physical address that corresponds to the virtual address 0x147?
- What is the physical address that corresponds to the virtual address 0x16E?

Exercise 3: Paging

Assume that you are currently executing a process P with the following page table on a system with 16 byte pages:

÷	Frame	Access
0x17	0x47	R,W
0x16	0xF4	R,W
0x15	NULL	R,W
0x14	0x23	R,X

Memory as a Cache

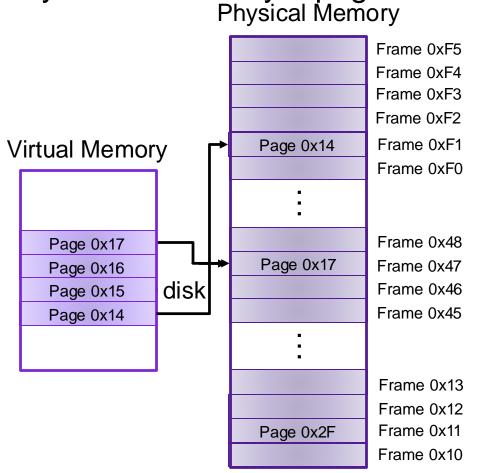
- each page table entry has a valid bit
- for valid entries, frame indicates physical address of page in memory
- a page fault occurs when a program requests a page that is not currently in memory
 - handled much like a cache miss
 - evict another page in memory to make space (which one?)
 - takes time to handle, so context switch

MMU		
v	Frame	Access
1	0x47	R,W
0	NULL	R,W
0	0x13	R,W
1	0xF1	R,X

Memory as a Cache

Assume that you are currently executing a process P with the following page table on a system with 16 byte pages:

÷	v	Frame	Access
0x17	1	0x47	R,W
0x16	0	NULL	R,W
0x15	0	0x13	R,W
0x14	1	0xF1	R,X



Thrashing

- working set is the collection of a pages a process requires in a given time interval
- if it doesn't fit in memory, program will thrash

Exercise 4: Paging

Assume that you are currently executing a process P with the following page table on a system with 256 byte pages:

÷	V	Frame	Access
0xFA	1	0x47	R,W
0xF9	1	0x24	R,W
0xF8	0	NULL	R,W
0xF7	0	0x23	R,X

- What is the physical address that corresponds to the virtual address 0xF947?
- What is the physical address that corresponds to the virtual address 0xF700?
- What is the physical address that corresponds to the virtual address 0xF813?

Evaluating Paging



- Isolation: don't want different process states collided in physical memory
- Efficiency: want fast reads/writes to memory



 Sharing: want option to overlap for communication



- Utilization: want best use of limited resource
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